

# The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 48 NO. 27

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1915

PRICE THREE CENTS

## DELIGHTFUL PARTY

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse L. Shepherd  
Entertained Tuesday Evening

### IN HONOR OF THEIR DAUGHTER

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse L. Shepherd gave a most delightful lawn party at their beautiful home on South Broad street, on Tuesday evening, for their daughter Miss Jessie Lake Shepherd, and her house guests, Miss Dorothy Crane, of Sparrow's Point, Md.; Miss Mildred Strain, of East Hampton, Mass.; Miss Helen Barard, of Mt. Vernon, N. Y.; Miss Corrie Mendinall, of Wilmington, Del.; Mr. T. Fletcher Cochran, of East Orange, N. J.; Mr. John A. Morrison, of Germantown, Pa.; Mr. Leonard Sargeant, of Washington, D. C.; Mr. Charles Mendinall, of Wilmington, Del.

The lawn and porches were beautifully trimmed with flowers, flags and lanterns while electric lights were dotted everywhere.

A hedge of asparagus was made around the porch where the young people indulged in dancing. In the house, all the rooms of which were trimmed, were roses and sweet provisions in profusion.

Hanna of Wilmington, was the caterer, and First Infantry Orchestra, of five pieces, also of Wilmington, furnished music throughout the evening.

The over-night guests besides the house-guests were, Misses Florence Crichton and Alice Johnson, Mr. Edward K. Bishop, Mr. Emile F. duPont, of Wilmington; Miss Margaret Kelsey and Mr. Joshua M. Holmes, of Oak Lane, Pa.

The other guests were the Misses Little, of New York; Miss McDonald, Mr. McDonald, of Annapolis, Md.; Charles A. Ritchie, John Mullin, of Wilmington; Norris Wright, of Newark; Mr. and Mrs. John Ernest, Misses Frances and Helen Watkins, Anna Wilson, Marion Woodall, Katherine Price, Helen Higgins, Nellie Janvier, Mary and Lucy Griffith, Elizabeth Gibbs and Emma Pennington; Messrs. Charles Meyers, Hugh Browne, Francis Hull, Kendall McDowell, Edward McIntire, Richard Cann, Warner Price, Irving Walls, Taylor Barnett, Benjamin Gibbs, Robert Pool and James Hurr.

## PORT PENN

E. E. Bender was home from Washington, D. C. for the holiday.

Mrs. Frank Yearsley entertained over Monday Miss Margaret Booth, of Upland, Pa.

Mrs. George Shelton is entertaining her daughter Mrs. Frank Torbert, of Camden, N. J.

S. B. Bender and wife entertained over Sunday Miss Carrie Wright of Richardson Park.

Miss Ruth Shelton, of this place and Dorsey Hudson of Camden, N. J., were quietly married in Camden on Thursday last.

S. C. Eaton and wife had as their guests over Sunday, Harry McKenzie and wife, of Wilmington, and Eugene Thomas and family, of Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. Conrad Zacheis has returned after a two weeks visit with relatives at West Chester, Pa., were visitors at the home of Conrad Zacheis and wife over the 4th.

J. M. Bender and family, of Baltimore, Md., and Samuel Armstrong, of Delaware City spent the latter part of the week with their parents A. Bender and wife.

George Webb and wife entertained the latter part of the week their son Clarence and family of Philadelphia, George Roemer and wife, of near Odessa, and William Cope wife and daughter of Upland Pa.

## Lend A Helping Hand

If you are not just up to your ideal strive to build and grow to your ideal; if your environment is bad, make it better; if your town is not as you would have it, do all in your power to improve it. After all, environment does not make the man, but too frequently man makes the environment. This world is the miniature workshop of the soul. Improve every moment. Time lost can never be regained. Opportunity knocks afresh every morning at your door but it devolves upon you how you will use these opportunities. Reckless use of money is no worse than reckless use of time. Conserve your energies, improve your talent, and look upon life as one series of successes and so far as you are concerned success will be yours. Do not live in the back yard of your life but look to the dawn of the future as a new revelation. Do not fume and fret; that is suicide. Above all be a man.

## Fruit Crop In Delaware

According to the report issued by William T. Carter, Jr., supervising agent of the Delaware division, 18,256,365 quarts of strawberries were shipped over the division this season. Last year 12,600,580 quarts were shipped an increase over last year of 6,195,785 quarts.

Shipments will continue from Selbyville and Bridgeville, and it is probable that there will be a million more quarts shipped before the season ends.

## DAIRY FARMERS HIT

A change from condensed and evaporated to malted milk production is the only hope held out under the Democratic free trade tariff, by H. B. Miller, to those engaged in the milk industry in the Pacific Northwest, and even this alternative may give but a temporary impulse to the trade.

Mr. Miller, former United States Consul in China, was recently commissioned by the University of Oregon to ascertain the reason for the depression in the milk industry in that state, and his thorough study of the subject has convinced him beyond a doubt that the stagnation is due to the foreign competition engendered by the "Underwood tariff law which placed condensed milk on the free list while at the same time taxing the manufacturer for his raw materials—sugar and tin plate—and giving no refund for the consumption thereof. This is a typical example of the "Underwood Idea," which, briefly stated, is taxation of raw materials and free trade or a revenue-only tariff on the manufactured article.

Condensed milk is not listed separately in the official reports, but the importation of fresh and condensed milk under Democratic law for the period of October 1913, to June 1915, inclusive, was valued at \$1,056,230, compared with \$125,452, under Republican law October 1912, to June 1913. For the nine months ending March, 1915, we imported this product to the value of \$1,945,541. No revenue for the Government and another slap at the farmer.

## TOWNSEND

Mary Othson, of Sassafras, is visiting Leilah Money.

Miss Anna Jones is visiting Mrs. Grooms, in Newport.

Mrs. John Parvis, of Philadelphia, is visiting her mother Mrs. Hayman. The Joneses, of Newark, N. J., is spending the summer with her grandparents.

John Townsend and wife, of Philadelphia, spent the week-end with their parents here.

Mr. William Bramble was suddenly called to the home of his mother who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Leroy Lockerman and son, of Delmar, is visiting her parents Robert Beardsley and family.

Edna Hart, Grace and Gladys Money, are spending the week with their aunt Mrs. James Wilson, in Smyrna.

Samuel Townsend and daughter Bessie, of Philadelphia, visited his sister Mrs. Walter Gill the past week.

Mrs. W. A. Scott, Elizabeth Maloney and Estella Vandeyke, left town Wednesday for a week at Atlantic City.

Frank Hutchison, Howard Curlett, Reynolds Hodgson and Roland Reynolds, have accepted positions near Pennsgrove.

Archie Finley and wife, of Chestnut Hill, Pa., returned home Monday after several days stay with his mother Mrs. Emma Finley.

## ODESSA

Miss Mary Gilch is spending some time with relatives in Baltimore.

Captain William Rhein, of Philadelphia, visited relatives here last week.

Mr. Greenland and family, of Aberdeen, Md., are spending some time here.

Mr. Clayton, Price, of Pennsgrove, N. J., visited friends in town part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Aspril, of Wilmington, spent part of this week with relatives here.

Mr. Edward Herrick, of Wilmington, was an over Sunday visitor with his aunt Miss Lucy Appleton.

Miss Dorothy Reynolds is spending some time with her cousin Miss Ruth Reynolds, near Blackbird.

Mrs. Harvey Tindale, of Christine, is spending part of this week with her mother Mrs. A. B. Berry.

Mr. Richard Rhodes, of Wilmington was a recent visitor with his parents Mr. and Mrs. George Rhodes.

Misses Jennie and Nellie Campbell, of Chester, Pa., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Unruh this week.

Mr. William King, of Philadelphia, is spending a few days this week with his sister Mrs. Harry Plummer.

Miss Ethelda Webb, of Philadelphia, was a visitor with her parents Mr. and Mrs. I. G. Webb part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Armstrong, of Wilmington, were over Sunday guests with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Pennington, near town.

## Mr. Torbert's Call

Mr. Torbert, the genial representative of Col. Coleman T. Dupont's boulevard, made the Transcript a brief visit this week.

Mr. Torbert is overflowing with infectious admiration for the Colonel and an enthusiastic belief in his good road projects.

Nathaniel J. Williams and Dr. Dorsey W. Lewis have purchased the John S. Benson property in the First District, Cecil County, Md., containing 200 acres price \$5000.

## FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

### THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Miss Leah Berkman was a recent visitor at Atlantic City.

Mrs. M. A. Hall has returned from a visit with relatives at Principio, Md. Raymond Moore, of Wilmington, spent last Sunday with friends here.

Miss Ossie Gillis, of Wilmington, is visiting her sister Mrs. J. J. Northrup. Mrs. Fannie E. Comegys has been spending the past week at Rehoboth.

Mrs. Eliza Vaughan, of Milton, is visiting her son Dr. E. M. Vaughan and family.

Mrs. G. Lindsey Cochran has been spending several days at Rehoboth Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Liman, of New York City are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Fogel.

Mrs. Pearce Stevens, of Townsend, spent Wednesday with her aunt Mrs. James Downey.

Miss May Fielding, of Gloucester City, N. J., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Palmer.

Mrs. Nelson Crane, of Sparrow's Point, Md., has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Gill.

Mrs. C. V. Jaquith and grand-daughter Virginia Johnson have returned from a stay at Ocean City, N. J.

Mrs. Winter Moore and two children, of Milford, spent this week with her sister Mrs. T. S. Fouracre.

Mrs. George Derrickson had with her this week her daughter Miss Mabel Derrickson, of New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Emerson entertained their sister Mrs. Mary V. Appleton, of Wilmington over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Goodhand and children, of Brooklyn, N. Y., have been visitors with Mrs. G. W. W. Naudain.

Miss Bernice Metten, Murrey and Elizabeth Metten, of Wilmington, spent the fourth with Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Metten.

Rev. and Mrs. Charles Spry, of Ocean City, Md., visited their sister Miss Blanche Spry on their wedding trip last week.

Miss Blanche Deakne has been entertaining Miss Mabella Geiselman, of Baltimore, Md., and Miss Ann Trice, of Harrington.

Miss Jessie L. Shepherd and her guests spent Wednesday evening at the home of Miss Corrine Mendinall in Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Nowland, of Philadelphia, were over the fourth with Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Letherbury.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Cochran and little daughter, of Wilmington, were recent visitors with his mother Mrs. Edwin R. Cochran of South Broad Street.

LT. Rupert M. Burstan who has been spending some time with his parents left on Monday for Washington, D. C., where he received orders stationing him at Norfolk till July 17th, after which he goes to Gettysburg for the remainder of the summer.

Miss Adelaide McCrone, of McDonough, is paying a visit with her grandmother, Mrs. J. R. Hoffacker. Miss Lillie McCrone will leave next week for Aurora, Mo., for a visit with her aunt Mrs. Mollie McCrone Lupton.

## Surprise Birthday Party

A few of the young friends of Miss Grace Carpenter gave her a delightful surprise on the occasion of her birthday on July fourth. The young people indulged in dancing on the porch and later ice cream and cake were served. A fine display of fire works was shown during the evening.

Those present besides Miss Carpenter's family were: Mrs. John Armstrong, Miss Prudence Lewis, Miss Jean Metten, Miss Mildred Redgrave, Miss Margaret Pleasanton, Miss Marion Armstrong, Miss Frances Cochran, Miss Ramona Newman, Miss Jessie Kohl, Frank McWhorter, Hugh Brown Harry Segelken and Albert Donovan.

## NOTICE!

During July and August, Fogel & Burstan close as follows: Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 6 P. M.; Tuesday, Thursday, 9.30 P. M.; Saturday, 11.30 P. M. Our purpose herein being to give our employees a little extra fresh air, and pleasure during the hot summer months, we ask the co-operation of our patrons; you can do this by shopping during the day or on the evenings we are open.

We feel assured you will again help us. The contented, smiling faces greeting you will be your ample reward, and their owners will give you better service than ever. Thanking you in advance, FOGEL & BURSTAN

## GROWERS THINNING PEACHES

According to the reports coming from the peach regions of Western Maryland some of the growers have been thinning the fruit on the overloaded trees, the purpose being to develop the remaining fruit in size and quality. This is a wise thing to do; troublesome but well worth the trouble. When the thinning out process is begun there should be no scripping. If only 100 peaches are left to a tree, unless the tree is unusually large and vigorous, the crop upon the whole will bring better returns than from a yield of 500 peaches to the tree. It is not uncommon thing for peach trees to be so overloaded that the fruit is stunt-in size and inferior in quality. When a peach that ought to be as big as a small coconut ripens at the size of an English walnut there is a miscarriage in the fruit growing business that spells loss to the orchardist. In a full fruit year inferior peaches will not pay freightage. Thinning out the fruit a month before ripening time will not only improve the quality of the fruit but save the tree. An overladen tree is generally mangled by the breaking of limbs and its vigor is sometimes so depleted that it skips a year to recuperate. The runty peach does not even make good pies. Going over an orchard and picking 200 peaches from each tree when the fruit is only the size of an almond is a tedious job. But otherwise, in many orchards, there will be a turn out of runty peaches at shipping time.

## A SEVERE ACCIDENT

The Transcript regrets to inform its readers that on Wednesday morning Mrs. J. A. Johnson, the wife of our well known dentist, met with a very painful accident caused it is said, by the explosion or ignition of a gasoline smoothing iron which she was using.

The flames turned the lady's hair and face in a serious manner, and but for the presence of mind of her maid who quickly wrapped a rug about her mistress, thus smothering the fire, it is believed the accident might have proved fatal.

Several physicians were at once called in, and later the sufferer under the charge of Dr. E. M. Vaughan was taken in an unconscious condition to the 2.30 P. M. train en route to the Jefferson Hospital. Her husband Dr. Johnson also went with her.

A note received later from Dr. Johnson states that Mrs. Johnson is resting easy and the attending physician does not consider her burns serious.

The lady's sad misfortune has aroused the deepest sympathy of all her numerous friends, and indeed of the whole community, and all are praying she may emerge from her dangerous mishap without loss of her eyesight or other permanent injury.

## BETHESDA CHURCH NOTES

July 11th. 9.30 A. M. Brotherhood Devotional meeting.

10.30 A. M. Public worship with sermon. Subject, "Let Your Light Shine."

The Sunday School during the summer months will hold its session from 11.30 A. M. to 12.15 P. M. This, it is believed, will meet with popular favor; and teachers and scholars can rest in the afternoon. Let the teachers and scholars make an extra effort to attend. Come to preaching service and remain for a brief Sunday School service. It is the purpose of the pastor to preach short, pointed sermons.

The primary department of Bethesda Sunday School will also hold its session from 11.30 A. M. to 12.15 P. M.

The evening service will begin at 7 o'clock and close at 8. We believe this twilight service will mean a larger attendance. The subject will be "John Huss."

## M. E. Choir Entertained

The choir of Bethesda M. E. Church and a few other friends gave a delightful surprise to Mrs. Eugene Dockerty, a member of the choir, when they drove to her home near town on Tuesday evening to spend the evening with her and Mr. Dockerty. A very pleasant evening was passed with games and music. Mrs. Dockerty delighting her guests with several solos. Ice cream and cake were furnished by the visitors.

Those present besides the host and hostess were Mr. and Mrs. Martin B. Burris, Mr. and Mrs. S. Brockson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. A. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Banning, Mrs. Hattie Downs, Mrs. John Armstrong, Mrs. Corbit Vinyard, Miss Prudence Lewis, Miss Emily Alee, Miss Eliza Hurn, Miss Anna Denny, Miss Lena Weber, Charles Beaton, and Harry Vinyard.

## Forest Church Notes

Sunday, July 11th, 1915.

10.30 A. M. Public worship with sermon.

11.45 A. M. Sunday School session.

2.30 P. M. Armstrong Chapel School.

6.45 P. M. Christian Endeavor. Topic, "Making Little While."

7.30 P. M. Evening thirty minutes.

## DANGEROUS CHANGE

Nation-Wide Primaries An Attack On Sovereignty

### STATE LINES OBLITERATED

Nation-wide primaries were declared to be an attack on the sovereignty of the several Commonwealths which, if successful, would convert the United States into an empire, by John C. Bane, a leading member of the Pittsburgh bar, in an address recently before lawyers and judges attending the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Bar Association here.

An urgent plea that the Bar Association call upon Congress to defeat the proposal to abolish national conventions and to go on record as opposing the initiative, referendum and recall was made by the speaker. His subject was "Modern Attacks Upon Our Form of Government" and in part he said:

"Advocates of a scheme to abolish national conventions have been calling this doctrine to the attention of Congress for a considerable time, and the people will be required to meet the question in the near future. This system involves the annihilation of political parties and could not exist together and political parties are indispensable in a republic."

"Without them there can be no established traditions. The voters would be in that condition of helplessness that always exists in an unorganized multitude and constantly subject to the influence of selfish and boisterous demagogues who seek to leap to power by appealing to their prejudices and passions."

"State lines would be obliterated by this system. A President nominated and elected in this manner would be President of a consolidated nation and not the President of the United States. The States might continue to exist in name, but they would cease to be an integral part of the national government. All of this would greatly augment the power of the executive and its end would be empire."

"No more dangerous proposal than this was ever seriously advocated by any of our people. We fought for years to prevent secession; and it cannot be doubted that consolidation would be more deadly in its effects upon our liberty and safety than secession could have been."

## OBITUARY

MRS. KATHERINE SCHROEDER

The following is taken from the Lancaster, Pa., Daily News Era of Tuesday: Mrs. Katherine Schroeder, wife of the late Francis Schroeder, cotton mill operator, who passed away at four o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. J. Swarr, corner of East King and Ann streets, death being due to the infirmities of age. The deceased was a daughter of the late John and Barbara Kinport Barr, of Lampeter township, where she was born November 28, 1826, being, therefore, in her eighty-ninth year. She was a member of St. James' Episcopal Church. Mrs. Schroeder is survived by several children, Katherine, wife of C. J. Swarr, and Rev. Francis Ellmaker Schroeder, Henry Muhlenberg and J. Nevin Schroeder, all of Lancaster. She was a sister of Miss Susan Barr, of Danaster, and Edward Barr, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

MRS. T. B. HUNTER

Mrs. T. B. Hunter, widow of the Rev. T. B. Hunter, died recently in Monrovia, Cal. Mrs. Hunter was born in New Castle county, April 30, 1842. She was the youngest daughter of Sarah Garland and Joseph Miller, formerly a well known resident of Brandywine hundred. She married Husbands and was left a widow early in life. She married the Rev. T. B. Hunter in 1879 and shared his ministry until his retirement from active service about six years ago.

Mrs. Hunter is survived by two sons, Thomas Benton and Garland M., both residents of California. Rev. Mr. Hunter was pastor at Bethel, Md., M. E. Church and later was stationed at several other churches in the Conference of New Castle.

## McFaul-Dougherty Wedding

At noon on Saturday in the Methodist Episcopal parsonage, at Hockessin, Miss Grace Cecilia McFaul, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. D. F. McFaul, and Joseph John Dougherty, of Sharon Hill, Pa., were married by the father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. William F. Stewart, of Camden, Del. The bride was attended by her sister, while the groom's best man was Howard C. Foster, of Wilmington.

The bride was charmingly gowned in white net and carried a bouquet of bride roses. The bridesmaid wore white net and carried roses. Mr. and Mrs. Dougherty left on a trip to Atlantic City, and after their return they will live at No. 900 West street, Wilmington.

Mrs. Dougherty is a sister of Miss to the way McFaul who for several years was capital teacher in the public schools and has often visited here.

After June first, the hours at the public library will be: Mondays 7 to 9, Tuesdays 7 to 9, Wednesdays 7 to 9, Thursdays 7 to 9, Fridays 7 to 9, Saturdays 7 to 9, Sundays 7 to 9.

## NOTES FROM ODESSA

Fourteen innings, no runs, five hits, was Carrow's record on Monday. Some twirling. Oh! boys. At the bat he secured three safe ones out of seven times up. Average 429. Not so bad after all.

Davis is showing real class in center-field. At bat he leads the club and has not muffed a single ball since he has been playing.

"Pete", "Potter", and "Pierce" that stellar outfield is as good as ever. Some hitters too. Donovan's bat is working fine. Ask Donovan what that notice in the club house was about.

Only two of the visitors made successful steals but they had to do that when third was occupied. Carrow gets the ball off with a jump. S. Wallace shoots to see n d and there Weist tags them. A fast combination, you can bet on that.

Heldmyer is getting his batting eye back again and before long George will be among the leaders.

Some stop of Weist's in the first game. His position:—Anywhere between first and third, thirty yards behind the diamond, and ten feet in the air.

"Bob" Heller put up a great game at first, and claims that his batting average is creeping up somewhat.

"Pete" Wallace was the real star making two beautiful catches, besides getting everything else that came his way, six hits and five stolen bases.

"Buzzy" Wallace was on the job as usual and ever ready to lend a hand whenever needed.

We think Carrow is undoubtedly the best pitcher that has ever been on an Odessa nine.

## Port Penn Wins in Tenth

In a loosely played game at Port Penn last Saturday afternoon, Port Penn nosed out the Third Ward Dem. Club of Wilmington in the tenth inning.

Both teams made a number of errors but despite these it was a good game. Johnson who pitched the first seven innings fanned thirteen men, but retired in favor of B. Yearsley who pitched the remainder of the game in good form.

Dyer starred both at the bat and in the field for Port Penn. Duffy and Murray were the bright lights for Third Ward. Score by Innings.

	R.	H.	E.
Third Ward	1	0	0
Port Penn	0	0	0
Runs	0	0	0
Hits	0	0	0
Errors	0	0	0
Yearsley, 3 in 3 innings; Ed Malloy, 8. Earned Runs, P. P. 6; 3d Ward, 3. Two-base hit Duffy. Struck out by Johnson, 13; by B. Yearsley, 5; by Malloy, 5. Stolen bases, P. P. 4; 3d Ward 1. Sacrifice Hits, Hickman, Dyer. Hit by pitched ball, Hickman, Dyer; Neeson, J. Malloy. Time of Game 2.30. Umpire, Webb.			

## Middletown Loses Close Game

The fast going Tremont team of Wilmington, visited Academy Park, last Saturday and defeated our boys, in a close and interesting game by the score of 3 to 1.

Johnson who pitched for Tremont did clever work, fanning eleven men and not allowing a base on balls.

Pennock, Gray and Biscoe were the shining lights for Tremont, while Gibbs and Swain starred for the locals. Bill Ward replaced Kirk in the fifth and held the Wilmington boys safe. Score by Innings.

	R.	H.	E.
Tremont	0	2	0
Middletown	0	0	0
Runs	0	0	0
Hits	0	0	0
Errors	0	0	0
Gray, 3 in 3 innings; Ed Malloy, 8. Earned Runs, P. P. 6; 3d Ward, 3. Two-base hits, Resin. Struck out, by Johnson 11, Kirk 5. Ward 1. Left on bases, Tremont 7, Middletown 6. Sacrifice hits, Resin, Cantwell. Base on balls, Kirk 3, Ward 0, Johnson 0. Time of game, 1hr. 45min. Umpires, Jones and Johnson.			

## Middletown vs. Vandever

Through costly errors the local team was defeated in a double header by the strong Vandever Club of Wilmington, on Monday. Both Newman and Ward pitched gilt-edged ball, and had they received good support the scores would have been different.

The score by innings follows:

	FIRST GAME
Vandever	1
Middletown	0
Runs	0
Hits	0
Errors	0
Vandever	0
Middletown	0
Runs	0
Hits	0
Errors	0

## Tatman Estate Sale

The property of the late Cyrus Tatman, Esq., consisting of a Farm on the Levels containing 139 acres, and the dwelling for \$2,910 by J. J. Hanley of Wilmington. Mr. David Hutchinson, of Townsend was the auctioneer.

The farm was bought for \$13,600, by William C. Money, Esq., of Townsend, and the dwelling for \$2,910 by J. J. Hanley of Wilmington. Mr. David Hutchinson, of Townsend was the auctioneer.

At a meeting of the school board Miss Ida V. Howell was re-elected principal of the public schools; Miss Louise Ratledge, vice-principal; Miss Emma Carpenter, Miss Elsie R. Jones, Miss Ada M. Scott, and Miss Prudence Lewis teachers. One teacher for the seventh and eighth grades will be elected at another meeting.

## DELAWARE COLLEGE

Faculty of Summer School Gave Reception to Students

### THE RHODES SCHOLARSHIP

At the 1915 session of the Summer School for Teachers at Delaware College two courses in agriculture are being offered. One of these dealing with the general principles and basic facts underlying the practice of agriculture and with methods of using such material in secondary school teaching, is designed



## HOLT PROMISES TO TELL WHOLE STORY

Doctors Have Declared Morgan Out of Danger.

### HOLT IN BAD CONDITION

Washington Chief of Police Says Prisoner Told Him Of Plan To Dynamite Financier In His Automobile.

Glen Cove, N. Y.—Frank Holt, the university professor who shot J. P. Morgan, declared that when he is arraigned in court he will tell the whole story of his life, particularly his recent movements leading up to the placing of the bomb in the United States Capitol at Washington and his attempted assassination of Mr. Morgan. He will also reveal, he said, where he bought the dynamite found on him.

Holt made these declarations to Dr. Guy Cleghorn, the jail physician, adding that he was anxious to tell his story in open court. Dr. Cleghorn said, however, that Holt is in such a weakened condition that unless the prisoner shows decided improvement he may report it inadvisable to remove him from the jail at Mineola to the Courthouse here. District Attorney Louis J. Smith, of Nassau county, said he would be guided entirely by the report of Dr. Cleghorn, and will postpone the arraignment if so advised.

### Mr. Morgan Recovering Rapidly.

Mr. Morgan, who was shot twice by Holt last Saturday at the financier's home near here, showed good improvement Monday that specialists attending him announced he was out of all danger. A bulletin to this effect was the only one issued. It said also that the patient's temperature and pulse were normal.

Mr. Morgan spent a restful day and members of his family and friends were very much cheered by his general favorable condition. At night Mr. Morgan received W. H. Porter, a business associate, and Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, the latter an old friend of the family, and chatted cheerfully with them. Later the two callers said Mr. Morgan appeared in the best of spirits.

The favorable turn in the condition of Mr. Morgan was in marked contrast to that of Holt, whose condition became so grave that late in the day orders were given at the jail that he was not to be disturbed and that no one was to be permitted to see him but his counsel and the jail physician.

### Not Erich Muentner, He Says.

Holt helped to discount the theory that he might be Erich Muentner, the Harvard professor who disappeared in 1906 after his wife had died, it was charged, of poisoning. Holt declared emphatically that he had never been in Cambridge, Mass. Holt told this to T. J. Reidy, a New York lawyer, who visited him and then announced that he had been retained as counsel for the prisoner. Holt, according to Reidy, said also that he was in Germany in 1906. Earlier in the day Holt had told Sheriff Griefenhagen that he could not remember where he was in that year.

Charles Wood, Assistant District Attorney of Nassau county, who said he was in the German department at Harvard in 1905-06 in the same class with Muentner, visited Holt and then said that he was unable to identify the prisoner as his classmate. Mr. Wood said that Holt appeared to be in such a state of utter collapse that he thought it best to look at him again, when he improved, in order to satisfy himself that he is or is not his former classmate.

Dr. Cleghorn said Holt was suffering chiefly from lack of nourishment. His condition has also been weakened, he said, by loss of blood from the wound on his head received in the scuffle just preceding his arrest.

Holt wrote a letter to his wife, who is stopping with her father in Dallas, Texas, in which he told her that he didn't care to live any longer and hoped she would "bring the little ones up to be God-fearing men and women."

### Mrs. Morgan Fought Holt.

Washington.—Details of the assault upon J. P. Morgan in his summer home at Glen Cove, L. I., revealing more clearly than reports previously published the courage of Mrs. Morgan, were told here by an eye-witness who was a guest in the Morgan home.

When the intruder, later identified as Frank Holt, forced a servant to stand aside and with a revolver in each hand approached Mr. Morgan, his wife saw the danger and threw herself upon Holt, grasping him about

### NINE FIREMEN INJURED.

Autobus Taking Party To Hagerstown Turns Turtle.

Frederick, Md.—An automobile bus with 25 members of the Brunswick Volunteer Fire Department skidded on South Mountain, while going to the Hagerstown celebration, and upset, injuring nine of the occupants, four of whom were brought to the City Hospital for treatment. The car was driven and owned by Theodore W. I. Warner, of Lovettsville, Va.

### MISS PAGE TO WED AT PALACE.

King Places Royal Chapel At Ambassador's Disposal.

George, it was announced the Chapel Royal of the American Embassy in London, will be used for the wedding of Miss Mary, daughter of the late Secretary of State, to the Prince of Wales.

## GERMANS PUSHING EAST AND WEST

Storm Enemy Positions Along 1,600 Mile Front.

### 1,000 PRISONERS TAKEN

Allies' Blockhouse, South Of Norroy, With Entire Garrison and Defending Guns, Blown Up.

London.—Leveling the French trenches with a hurricane of high explosive shells, the Germans have launched another violent offensive in the west, this time on the Moselle. Heavy forces, sweeping forward to the attack in Le Pretre woods, have stormed and captured French positions extending over a front of more than 1,600 yards, penetrating 425 yards into the maze of ditches.

South of Norroy, on the Moselle, the Germans also blew up a French blockhouse with its entire garrison and defending guns near Haut de Rieup. More than 1,000 prisoners, including the staff officers of an entire battalion, have been captured by the Germans in the fighting in Le Pretre woods. Two field cannon and a number of machine guns and bomb throwers also have been captured.

### Artillery Prepared Way.

The attack, which was made on the western border of the forest, was preceded by a cannonade of tremendous intensity and violence. Scores of heavy guns brought up on a narrow front were opened on the French, tons of high explosive blowing up their trenches and reducing their fortifications.

The entanglements swept away, German forces, estimated at more than a division, were thrown into the attack. They swept forward and over the former French positions, driving the defenders back well into their lines.

The midday communiqué received here from Paris characterizes the German artillery action in this region as "especially violent." The earlier communiqué admitted that the French were forced to withdraw from a number of trenches. It asserts, however, that the lines occupied by the Germans had previously been captured from them and that they were unable to advance beyond these lines.

### Allies Fail To Gain.

Violent attacks by the British north of Ypres and the French in the region of Souchez resulted in vigorous engagements, in which the loss of life was heavy, according to dispatches from Berlin. The attacking forces, however, it is stated, failed to gain ground and were forced to retire upon their own lines.

Great activity by the rival air corps has marked the return of fine weather. In the last few days this has taken the form of individual combats high above the battle lines, although allied flyers have again bombed Bruges.

### THE GERMANS ACTIVE.

They Claim Big Capture Of Men and Machine Guns in Argonne District.

Berlin (by wireless to Sayville).—General Von Linsingen's army is in full pursuit of the Russian forces, who are retreating toward the Zlota Lipa River, in Galicia, and has forced them to evacuate their positions in the regions of Miaso and Krylow, says the German official statement. In the west the Germans continuing their offensive in the Argonne captured 2,556 officers and men and took 25 machine guns and 72 mine throwers. They also claim to have captured a part of the forest north of Feyen-Haye. German aviators bombed a fort near Harwich, England, and a British destroyer flotilla and also attacked the town of Nancy, France.

### EUROPE HONORS DAY.

French Government Participates In Pilgrimage To The Tomb Of Lafayette.

Paris.—The annual Independence Day pilgrimage of Americans in Paris to the tomb of the Marquis de Lafayette in the ancient Picpus Cemetery was honored Monday for the first time by the official participation of the French Government. Raymond Poincaré, President of the Republic; Alexandre Millerand, Minister of War; Théophile Delcassé, Minister for Foreign Affairs, and the prefect of police and prefect of the Seine were represented.

### MAXIMILIAN'S GRANDSON WEDS.

Daughter Of Brigadier-General Kearney His Bride.

Washington.—Augustine de Yturbe, adopted heir and grandson of Maximilian, for a brief time Emperor of Mexico, was married at St. Matthew's Catholic Church to Miss Mary Louise Kearney, of this city. The bride, who is the daughter of the late Brig.-Gen. James Kearney, is 29 years old, and Yturbe's age as given to the license clerk is 52 years of age.

### CLUNG TO STUMP FIVE HOURS.

York Publisher Saved From Probable Drowning.

York, Pa.—Charles P. Anstadt, a York publisher, was rescued from drowning in the Susquehanna river, after he had clung to the stump of a tree for five hours to prevent being swept over the dam of the York Haven Power Company. He went too near the breast of the dam while fishing and his boat was caught in the current. He grabbed the stump just as he was swept over the dam and

## HEROES IN EVERYDAY LIFE



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## TURKS FOUGHT HARD BUT LOST

French Complete Their Victory in Dardanelles.

### LOSSES REPORTED HEAVY

Report Declares That All Of That Part Of Enemy's Lines Required To Round Off The Gains Heretofore Made Have Been Captured.

London.—An official statement given out by the British government announces the capture of certain trenches in the Dardanelles, operations which complete the capture of that part of the Turkish line gained by the French on June 21.

The full text of the statement follows:

"General Sir Ian Hamilton reports that on the afternoon of June 29 hostile columns, moving west from North Achil Baba and south from Kilit Bahr toward the Turkish right flank, indicated that the enemy was preparing for a counter attack against a position we captured on the previous day. During the evening two mine galleries in front of our right center were blown in after which the enemy subjected the trenches to a heavy rifle and machine-gun fire for two hours. After a lull and another outburst of fire, a determined attack was made against the left of our position with the bayonet. This attack was repulsed with a heavy loss to the enemy.

"On the southern front the Turks made a concerted attack along the coast, where H. M. S. Wolverine, a destroyer, got searchlights and guns to the main body and caused a heavy loss.

"To the east the attack was pressed closer under a heavy artillery fire, but finally was checked about 40 yards from our parapet. Bomb attacks and intermittent shelling continued, but no further general attack was made, and at 6.30 A. M. the French moved out, and by 7.20 A. M. had taken a strong system of entrenchments immediately in front of the left center of the line, called by them Quadrilateral.

"A number of Turks were driven out of the trenches by the French bombardment and much execution was done during their retreat. Subsequently trenches adjacent to the Quadrilateral, to the south, were captured after more serious fighting, thus completing the capture of all of that part of the enemy's line required to round off the gains made by the French on June 21. The enemy's losses everywhere were considerable. The captured positions are being consolidated."

### ARMENIAN REPORT DELAYED.

Statement On Torpedoed Ship By Consul Garbled.

Washington.—The State Department has not received any complete or comprehensive report concerning the destruction of the British steamer Armenian, with a loss of several American lives. The delay was understood to have been due to the garbling in transmission of a long report forwarded by Consul Armstrong at Bristol, who interviewed the survivors.

Officials at the State Department indicated that this message be repeated at its place of origin. Such details as were understood, it was said, seemed to bear out press dispatches that the vessel failed to heed the warning shots of the German submarine and made repeated efforts to escape.

### TO GRAFT DOG SKIN ON WOMAN.

Ten Young Puppies Will Be Used In Operation.

Huntington, W. Va.—A final effort to save the life of Mrs. Emory Johnson, a young woman brought here from Lincoln county, will be made by Dr. R. F. Vickers. The flesh from the bodies of 10 young dogs will be grafted on her body. Mrs. Johnson was brought here in a critical condition suffering from burns.

### 38,635 LOST IN DARDANELLES.

Asquith Tells Commons Of British Casualties.

London.—Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons that the British naval and military forces killed, wounded and missing in operations against the Dardanelles up to May 31, aggregate 38,635 men and men.

In Bavaria have found dead school children at the bottom of their teeth.

## OUR SHARE IN FEEDING WORLD

U. S. Exported Foodstuffs Worth \$724,000,000.

### FOREIGN TRADE BALANCE

Department Of Commerce Gives Out Statistics Explaining The Nation's Billion - Dollars Foreign Trade Balance.

Washington.—The share of the United States in feeding the world, a task vastly increased by the European war, was disclosed in statistics of the Department of Commerce. Foodstuffs valued at \$724,000,000 were exported during the 11 months ending June 1. This was the principal factor in the nation's billion-dollars foreign trade balance.

The effect of the war is seen in the enormous increase in the value of foodstuffs compared with exports for the same 11 months a year ago, when the total was \$443,000,000.

Wheat formed the biggest item in foodstuffs sent abroad. In all, 249,576,000 bushels were exported, an increase of 164,000,000 bushels. It was valued at \$319,961,000, showing an increase over the previous year of \$239,138,000. Oats valued at \$51,669,000 were shipped, an increase of \$51,028,000. There were 86,428,000 bushels, an increase of 85,000,000 bushels.

Flour showed the next largest increase, with a value of \$87,650,000, or \$37,638,000 more than the previous period. Almost 5,000,000 more barrels were sent this year, the total being 15,077,000. Corn exports were valued at \$34,542,000, an increase of \$28,551,000. There were 43,718,000 bushels exported, an increase of more than 35,000,000.

Almost 305,000,000 pounds of bacon were shipped, an increase of 122,000,000 pounds. It was valued at \$41,294,000, or an increase of \$17,028,000. There was a big increase in beef shipments. Fresh beef exports were 121,487,000 pounds, an increase of almost 116,000,000 pounds; canned beef, 65,359,000 pounds, an increase of 61,000,000; pickled beef, 28,622,000 pounds, an increase of 7,000,000.

A statement on the meat and dairy products trade issued by the Department of Commerce said:

"Imports of meat and dairy products into the United States in the ten months preceding May 1 last were three times the value of those for a like period two years ago, and seven times those of the entire fiscal year 1905. This movement first assumed large proportions in the fiscal year 1914, following the transfer of meats to the free list.

"Our imports of meats are mainly supplied by Argentina. Ten months of the fiscal year just closed brought 112,000,000 pounds of fresh beef and veal from Argentina and from ten to fifteen million pounds each from Canada, Uruguay, Australia and the United Kingdom. The United States still exports far more meats than it imports, for although there have been record-breaking arrivals in the last two years.

"It is also apparent that the United States pays less for the meats it buys than it receives for them. It sells in April we imported \$500,000 pounds of fresh beef valued at 93 cents per pound f. o. b. countries of origin. In the same month we exported 25,500,000 pounds valued at 14 cents per pound at the domestic ports of shipment.

### DUNN GOES TO CHAIR.

Murderer Of Express Agent Meets Death Unflinchingly.

Auburn, N. Y.—David Dunn, 20 years old, died in the electric chair here for the murder of Harry T. Edwards, an express agent, in Corning, February, 1914. An eleven-hour effort to obtain a respite because of belief in Dunn's insanity failed. Dunn had become reconciled to his fate and met death without flinching.

### MARSHALL IGNORES THREATS.

Vice-President Got Dozen Letters Threatening Death.

St. Louis.—Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President of the United States, in a statement to newspaper reporters said that he had been threatened with death in more than a dozen anonymous letters which he has received during the last six weeks. "I presume I received more than a dozen threatening letters while in Washington. Some of them were signed, but most were anonymous. I threw all of them

## TEUTONIC DRIVES PUZZLE BRITISH

Rapid Advance From Galicia Into Poland.

### FORCE NUMBERS 2,000,000

Athens Reports Capture Of Turkish Stronghold, But Statement Lacks Confirmation — Forcing Dardanelles.

London.—The northward drive of the Austro-German armies from Galicia into Poland is daily becoming more formidable, and England is puzzled as to whether they propose to make their main effort in this direction, instead of maintaining a concentrated offensive to the eastward to force the Russians out of the southeast tip of Galicia.

Whatever the ultimate object is, the fighting along the Gnila Lipa river has not abated, and the latest Berlin official communication not only records progress in this section, but farther north in the arc around Lemberg, as well as along what has now become the northern front, between the Vistula and Bug rivers.

25 Miles Across Frontier.

The Austro-German forces on this front are estimated at 2,000,000 men, and their progress has been rapid. They have crossed the forest fringing the Taney river and are not far from the Zamosc fortress, 25 miles north of the Galician frontier.

Only 100 miles to the north is the great Russian base Brest-Litovsk, linked with Warsaw by important railways and lying almost due east of the Polish capital.

The development of the Galician campaign has created a situation entirely unexpected by the Allies. A few months ago the Russians were at the Carpathian passes and during the spring months there were confident predictions both in England and France that Hungary would soon be overrun.

### British Press Alarmed.

The British press has been optimistic for weeks that the Russians would turn and make a stand, but it now frankly concedes that the new invasion of Russia is serious. The papers, however, place faith in Russia's munitions campaign, much the same as the British public is relying upon David Lloyd George's plan to so equip the British Army in France as ultimately to match the Germans in explosives and munitions, especially machine guns.

### Turk Stronghold Taken.

A dispatch from Athens says that the Allies have taken the Turkish stronghold of Krithia, on the Gallipoli peninsula.

Gratification over the British progress in Gallipoli is hardly more pronounced than the realization of the tremendous task which faces England and France in their attempt to clear the Turks from their natural defenses barring the way to Constantinople.

The first strike against British naval craft in home waters for some time is announced briefly by the Admiralty to-night which says that 15 men have been lost by the mining or torpedoing of the destroyer Lightning, an old craft laid down two decades ago.

### GAVE HIS LIFE TO SAVE SHIP.

Thrilling Escape From a Submarine. Nine Sailors Killed.

Queenstown.—With nine dead sailors stretched on her deck, eight men lying wounded below and her sides riddled with shot and shell, the British steamship Anglo-Californian steamed into Queenstown harbor, after having withstood the attack of a German submarine for four hours. The ship's escape from destruction was accomplished with no other means of defense than the indomitable spirit of her captain and crew, combined with masterly seamanship, which enabled her to frustrate the efforts of her assailant to torpedo her.

The story of how Captain Parslow stood on the bridge of the Anglo-Californian amidst a rain of shot and calmly directed the movements of his ship until he was killed by a shell, and of how his place was taken by his son until British destroyers appeared and the submarine was compelled to flee was told by the survivors.

### 5,150 TURKS REPORTED KILLED.

London Says 15,000 Defenders Were Wounded in Dardanelles.

London.—The total Turkish casualties in the Dardanelles operation between June 28 and July 2 were 5,150 men killed and 15,000 wounded, according to an announcement made by the British official press bureau.

### STORM KILLS SEVEN.

Oklahoma and Colorado Swept By Tornadoes—22 Injured.

Muskogee, Okla.—Five were reported killed in a storm which swept through Northeastern Oklahoma, in the vicinity of Ottawa county. Clifford Boyd, a farmer, was killed by lightning near Miami. Two deaths at Commerce, a mining town, were attributed to the storm, while two unidentified bodies were reported buried under the ruins of a wall near Miami.

### ATTACK NEUTRALITY POSTERS.

Clubwomen Ask New York Mayor To Suppress Them.

New York.—Fifty prominent clubwomen petitioned Mayor Mitchell to suppress widely distributed posters of the pro-German organization of American women for strict neutrality. The petitioners charge that the posters are "willful misrepresentations, detrimental to public morals and misleading, and part of an effort to incite citizens who are ignorant to act contrary to law."

## HOLT COMMITS SUICIDE IN JAIL

His Body Is Found With Skull Fractured.

### KEEPER HEARD EXPLOSION

Half-Crazed Professor Tried To Cut Artery In Wrist, But He Nerve Failed—Hints At Suicide In Note To Wife.

Mineola, N. Y.—Frank Holt, the Cornell University professor who shot J. P. Morgan in his home near Glen Cove last Saturday, committed suicide in the jail here Tuesday night.

While several of the jail authorities declared that Holt killed himself by climbing through the opening at the top of his cell door and then plunging to the narrow court below, Holt's keeper said he was positive that the prisoner was killed in his own cell, where he said he found the body.

### Dies Of Fractured Skull.

There were many conflicting reports as to the manner in which Holt met his death, but it was definitely established through Dr. Claghorn the jail physician, that Holt died of a fractured skull.

Several of those about the jail said they heard an explosion, the report coming from Holt's cell. This noise, it was believed, was due to the falling of boards from the top of the cell.

Jeremiah O'Ryan, the keeper, who was detailed to watch Holt, said he was 15 feet away from the cell when he heard a loud report. He looked in the direction of the cell but it was dark. Entering he found Holt's body in a pool of blood in the corner.

The excitement that followed the noise brought Warden Hulse and other jail authorities to the scene. District Attorney Lewis J. Smith and Dr. Claghorn, together with several constables, were soon on the scene and immediately began an investigation.

### No Weapon In Cell.

Dr. Claghorn denied a report that Holt had killed himself by chewing a percussion cap.

He reported that death was caused by a fracture at the top of the skull. An explosion which would have blown his head off would have followed an attempt by Holt to chew a percussion cap, the physician said.

A thorough examination of Holt's cell failed to disclose, according to the jail authorities, any weapon or implements of any kind which Holt could have used to kill himself.

Coroner Walter R. Jones, after viewing the body, said: "Undoubtedly a suicide, and undoubtedly the man jumped. I cannot give an official version until an autopsy is performed by the jail physician, Dr. Claghorn."

### FOURTH'S TOLL IS NINETEEN.

903 Were Injured, Against 12 Killed and 897 Hurt in 1914.

Chicago.—Nineteen persons dead and 903 injured was the nation's sacrifice to the two days' celebration of Fourth of July, according to corrected figures compiled by The Chicago Tribune. These figures show an increase over the totals of 1914, when there were 12 persons killed and 879 injured. A large increase also was shown in the fire loss, the total for this year being \$239,325, as compared with \$99,545 last year.

### SWISS FRONTIER REOPENED.

But Germans Make Passport Rules More Stringent.

Paris.—"After 10 days' interruption the German Swiss frontier has been reopened, although the German authorities have increased the severity of the regulations regarding passports for strangers," says the Berne (Switzerland) correspondent of The Temps. "Military necessity is the only explanation given the Swiss Government for the cessation of traffic between Germany and Switzerland."

### GERMANS HOLD UP OIL SHIP.

Was Detained By British, But Released For Sweden.

Berlin, via London.—The American consular agent at Swinemunde, Prussia, reports that the American steamship Platania, from New York, with a cargo of petroleum consigned to a Swedish port, had been held up by a German warship and brought into Swinemunde.

### BRYAN TALKS AS EDITOR.

Would Make Publishers Show Financial Interest In Policies.

San Francisco.—Passage of a law to compel editors to show their financial interest in policies they advocate was recommended by William Jennings Bryan in an address before the International Press Congress at the Panama-Pacific Exposition. Mr. Bryan put peace and politics aside and appeared as a journalist.

### BIG POWDER EXPLOSION.

Two Men Hurt To Death and Two Hurt Near Annapolis.

Annapolis, Md.—Sixty thousand pounds of powder, being crushed for fertilizing purposes on the Naval Academy farm, at Gambrill, about 12 miles from here, exploded, killing two men and badly injuring two others. A spark, caused by friction when the crushed powder was being raked and shoveled into a pile, it is believed by Naval Academy authorities, was the direct cause of the explosion.



# LOVE in a HURRY

By GELETT BURGESS  
ILLUSTRATED BY RAY WALTERS

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## SYNOPSIS.

Hall Bonistelle, artist-photographer, prepares for the day's work in his studio. He is reminded by Flodie Fisher, his assistant, of a party he is to give in the studio that night, and warns that his business is in bad financial shape. Mr. Bonistelle, attorney and justice of the peace, calls and informs Hall that his Uncle John's will has left him \$4,000.00 on condition that he marry before his twenty-eighth birthday, which begins at midnight that night. Mrs. Rena Royaltion calls at the studio and Hall asks her to marry him at once. She spurs for time.

## CHAPTER III—Continued.

"Mercy, Hall! Not here! Not now! Not yet!" She took a few steps from him, and turned to look him over, even as he had looked at her. She looked as a woman looks at a hat in a milliner's, then shook her head, as if she were not sure it was becoming. "No, Hall, I'm afraid I must have a little time. I can't decide just now—"

"Rena!"

"No, Hall. You must be patient, dear. Give me a week—"

"See here!" Hall spoke deliberately. "Will you let me know tonight? You're coming to my party here, tonight, aren't you?"

"Why, yes, I was."

"Will you give me your answer then?"

She hung fire for a moment. Hall gave a gesture of agony—it was his supreme effort and had a touch of genius. Mrs. Royaltion, seeing, capitulated. "Well, then, all right, to-night."

Hall tried again for an embrace—even while repulsing him she let him taste her lips, then she feebly pushed him away. "Oh, Hall, you mustn't! Not yet, anyway—you know I haven't accepted you, yet. Oh, I can't decide. I've got to think it all over calmly."

"Lord, not calmly, Rena!" he exclaimed. He gazed sadly at his shoes. "The suspense will be terrible!" he said, and with elaborate emphasis, "my darling!"

"Oh, faint heart never won fair lady!" Mrs. Royaltion seemed fully two inches taller than when she had come in. "Now, I must go, Hall. Good-bye!" She held out her hand, an empress to a slave. He kissed it with fervor. And with that she smiled, and walked out.

For ten minutes Flodie had stood stealthily by the door, trying to listen. She had barely time to spring back to her desk.

"Good-by, Miss Fisher!" Mrs. Royaltion paused condescendingly. "I think if you used almond cream for your face it might do it a great deal of good. Try one of those wrinkle-bands, why don't you! They're really very efficacious." She wished into the dressing room to put on her veil.

Flodie waited a moment in scornful silence, then burst into the studio to find Hall gazing in a stupor out the window, hands in pockets, a scowl on his face. "What did she say?" she whispered. Hall didn't hear. "What did she say, Mr. Bonistelle?" Flodie was perishing of suspense.

Hall walked to the couch and dropped down, shaking his head. "She wanted time. Time! Confound it—the only thing I haven't got! What d'you think of that? I feel as if I'd done a week's washing! I'm all used up! Say, Flodie, it takes lots of energy to propose, did you know that?"

Flodie regarded him wistfully. "I should think it would—especially when you don't mean it."

"Oh, I mean it all right. I'll stand for it. Four millions! Lord, why wouldn't I mean it? I'd mean anything!"

"I mean when you don't really love her, Mr. Bonistelle. I don't see how you could do it. I could never do anything like that!"

"Well, you ought to be glad you don't have to Flodie. Unfortunately, I do. Why, she'll make a good wife, won't she? I don't say I love her, exactly; but, well, I've always liked Rena Royaltion. She's a good fellow. She's got the looks, and the style, and the family connections and everything. I wouldn't be a bit ashamed of her as Mrs. Bonistelle. What's the matter with you, Flodie? You look so queer! Ill or anything?"

"Oh, I'm all right!" Flodie smiled bitterly. "Only—only—"

"Well, I'll be hanged! Why, anybody would think it was you who were in a hole, not me. Lord, I thought you cared enough for me to help me out!"

She moved instinctively toward him; instinctively she withdrew. "Oh, I do, really I do, Mr. Bonistelle! How can I help you? Tell me!"

"Well, what am I going to do if Mrs. Royaltion refuses me. By jove! Just think of his being in that woman's power to cost me four and a half millions! It's outrageous!"

"Don't you let her, Mr. Bonistelle!" Flodie broke out eagerly. "Oh, it isn't right. Surely there's some other way—a better way than that, Mr. Bonistelle!"

"A better way? What d'you mean?" Hall looked at her, puzzled.

Flodie screwed up her courage, and reached gently for his hand. But no, she didn't dare dare take it. Her

own fell, instead, caressingly, but unseen, upon his sleeve.

"Oh, Mr. Bonistelle," she pleaded, "you ought to have someone who really cares for you—who really loves you, you know—who would love you always. Someone who knows how good you are! Don't tie yourself to a woman like that—why, she's five years older than you are, Mr. Bonistelle—she's middle-aged, almost—and she's been married before, too! Why, you want youth, Mr. Bonistelle—and freshness—and—"

"Can I come in?" A high cheerful voice interrupted them. Both turned suddenly toward the doorway to the office.

## CHAPTER IV.

There, standing between the portieres, was a young woman looking in, unembarrassed, with a careless smile on her face. She was the sort of girl who affects extremes in style, and fits to her whims the sportiest odd hats, the straightest, narrowest, shortest skirts. But they well became her; there was a not unpleasant masculine note in her air and costume—a briskness and confidence that spoke of golf and tennis, horse or boat. Without being too pretty, she had, finely cut, sharp features, a long nose, gray eyes, a deft chin. She was most distinctly a New York type, trim as a cutter, clean and fresh as a hound. If Mrs. Royaltion had been willowy-languorous, supersensational, suave, the crisp and cool newcomer was as easily careless as a boy. She waited, with an arch, somewhat amused expression, for an invitation to enter.

"Oh—Miss Dallys! Good morning!" Hall called out and walked toward her. "Say, would you mind waiting just a minute?"

"Sure!" said Carolyn Dallys. She waved her hand jauntily, and retreated to the office.

Hall returned to Flodie and stared at her dramatically. Flodie trembled. Finally he pounded the table with one stroke of his fist. "By jove!" He nodded emphatically.

"Oh, Mr. Bonistelle—you don't mean that!" Flodie looked unpeaking things.

He pointed to the door to the office. "There's the girl, right in there! Carolyn Dallys! Why didn't we think of her before?"

Flodie winced as if he had struck her in the face. Then she burst forth like a waterfall. "Oh, no, no! Let me tell you, Mr. Bonistelle! She's too mannish, Mr. Bonistelle, Miss Dallys is—you want a feminine woman, Mr. Bonistelle—you know—one who can care for you and look after you, and see that you get up and keep your appointments and—oh, dear—can't you see—"

She looked at him, saw he was not listening, made an easily effort, more hysterical, in sheer despair. "Oh, Mr. Bonistelle, why, Miss Dallys cares more for dogs and automobiles than she does for you, Mr. Bonistelle—Mr. Bonistelle—" Flodie took him by the coat lapel impressively. "She smokes cigarettes!"

Hall laughed and chuckled her under the chin. "Oh, that's all right! Lord, Flodie, I don't want to marry a housekeeper, you know. Why, I'll be a millionaire. I'll have servants to do all that. My wife will have to know a thing or two, you know, society, and manners and taste. Carolyn is right in it. College education, music and everything I need—drives a car, plays polo—bridge—swims and shoots—why, Lord, I'd be proud to death of her. You go right in and tell her I'm ready."

Again Flodie flinched. She gave him one hungry look and started for the office. Then a new thought stabbed her. She turned. "What if Mrs. Royaltion should say yes? What if she should?"

Hall suddenly came to his senses. "Say, by jove! That would be a mix-up, wouldn't it? I hadn't thought of that at all!" He dropped down on a chair and looked at her hopelessly.

Did Flodie see, at the prospect of her own entanglement, a faint hope for her? Her face, for a moment, lighted. It was anyone, now, to beat Mrs. Royaltion. Flodie foresaw that Carolyn Dallys alone could help her. Yes, he must propose to Carolyn. Her voice came artfully smooth and sweet.

"You could hatch up a quarrel, couldn't you—perhaps you could tell her something horrid—or do something—well, you know!"

"Or you could. Couldn't you, Flodie? You've helped me out before. You're clever. You know women."

Flodie was a new creature now. The primitive woman in her was aroused. She smiled—but it was unlike Flodie's sunny smile—it was electric. She nodded sagely.

"Well, then, I'll take a chance, anyway. Lord, I think I've got a right to make as good a choice as I can, if I have to be married to order! I don't see why I should ruin my whole life just because I happened to see Mrs. Royaltion first! You tell Carolyn I'm all ready."

Flodie nodded, with a hard look in her eyes. "All right," she said slowly, and gulped something down. "It's your

cents a quart for all the flies brought to his office in June. After several quarts were received he discovered that they were mostly canned flies. He says they were captured last fall, canned and held until the fly market opened this spring. He will either abandon his offer or appointed a fly inspector.

Two counties in Pennsylvania had a combined production of bituminous coal in 1913 of over 65,850,000 short tons.

A "Canned Fly" Yarn. Topeka.—Sanitary Sergeant Ramsey is about to cancel his order for flies. Ten days ago he offered 50

funeral!" She walked slowly back to the office and gave Miss Dallys the message, then sat down dismally at her desk and hid her face in her hands. Steadily the tears dropped down upon the blotter; at regular intervals Flodie's shoulders rose and fell as her emotion swayed her. She began to dab at her eyes with her handkerchief.

Carolyn Dallys, lithe, free, long-legged, walked into the studio with easy unconsciousness. "Hello, Hall!" There was always a half-concealed chuckle in her voice. "Got those proofs ready, old man? Darn you if you haven't!"

"Really, Carolyn, I've been awfully rushed. I haven't had a—something very important came up today."

"Oh, you can cut all that out, Hall. The simple reason is you're lazy. And I just begun to believe that the little girl out there," she nodded her head toward the office, "had succeeded in making you work. Well, never mind. I can go somewhere else."

"Oh, come now! They'll be ready tonight, I promise you. Perhaps this afternoon, even. The fact is, I just haven't been in the mood to develop the plates, that's all."

She nodded, smiling. "Artistic temperament, eh? Well, it's becoming! I suppose I'll have to wait. Say, Mrs. Royaltion seemed to have an idea that she was the only one invited to your party, and when she found I was coming tonight, she was just a bit—well, astounded."

Hall saw his chance and opened the campaign with energy. "Lord, the idea!" he exclaimed. "As if I wouldn't have you if I had anybody! Why, you always are the first one I ask, Carolyn, you know that!" He turned on sentimental lights in his eyes.

"Really!" Carolyn asked curiously. "Of course! You know I'm awfully fond of you, Carolyn."

"Really!" Carolyn repeated, her lips beginning to quiver with mirth.

"Yes, by jove, I'd hardly dare tell you how much."

"Oh, do!" she replied lightly. "I'm feeling awfully stodgy this morning, it might wake me up." She tossed him a jocular glance and swung herself over to the other side of the studio and fingered a piece of embroidery. "Fire away, I'm waiting!" she laughed, then she whistled a piece of a tune, picked

up a color plate and squinted at it. "Oh, look at that! That model of yours, isn't it? Miss Gale? Bully! What a stunning costume!" She stood inspecting it.

Hall, meanwhile, was watching her sharply. He noted the trimness of her costume, the freshness of the huge bunch of violets, the whiteness of her gloves, her picturesque, expensive hat. She was so at ease, so independent and unconscious, that it was as if some wild animal had entered his studio.

How well she knew her world, how conscious she was of her superiority over most of those she met, her equality with any! She had consumed much poise; her self-esteem never wavered. She breathed the smartness, culture and self-sufficiency of her social sphere; it protected her like an armor.

It was as if, being Carolyn Dallys, she was insured against any form of embarrassment. Carolyn was neither particularly clever nor very rich, but she was "inside," and those "inside" have freedom. Hall himself had been, in his time, "inside"—he had, in fact, despite his working for a sustenance, never been ejected. His own family could stand the strain. He knew, therefore, how to appreciate Carolyn's place. Mrs. Royaltion was in the "smart" set—the set that gets into the newspapers—but Carolyn Dallys still lived on Lower Fifth Avenue. She was one of the foundation stones in the social structure of which Mrs. Royaltion was a more conspicuous pinnacle.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Delivering Letters Stolen a Year Ago. Post office inspectors at Seattle, Wash., are endeavoring to deliver to the original addressees 500 letters stolen more than a year ago from the Seattle post office by W. A. Byers, a former postal clerk, and hidden by Byers under a heap of ashes in the fireplace of his former home.

At the time Byers was arrested nearly 3,000 letters were found concealed in an office which he maintained for the practice of law. He pleaded guilty and was sent to prison recently. L. T. Merry moved into the hotel which Byers had formerly occupied and in cleaning the fireplace unearthed the additional letters.

Some 150 feet above the level of the river. Room for Many Immigrants. All through Paraguay to Asuncion the road runs across vast tracts of luxurious grazing land, broken here and there by lines of low, timber-covered hills. Buildings and other evidences of development are few and far between, compared with the extent of the country, and one is impressed with the fact that there is ample room there for thousands of home-seeking immigrants from the congested districts of Europe, who would find an agreeable climate and soil fertile and extensive enough to feed not only themselves but many of the other inhabitants of the world.

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Enclosed by Big Rivers. The Republic of Paraguay is almost completely surrounded by water, being bounded on nearly all sides by the great rivers Parana and Paraguay or their tributaries, which furnish transportation to many interior parts of the country and provide abundant irrigation and adequate drainage. The soil is typically fertile, consisting for the most part of red clay mixed with sufficient sand to make it porous, and covered with rich alluvial deposits. The area of the country is estimated at about 170,000 square miles, and it is divided into two parts by the Paraguay river. The southeastern part, which is enclosed by the rivers Paraguay, Parana, and Apa, contains most of the white population. The northwestern part, known as the Gran Chaco, is inhabited mostly by nomadic tribes of Indians, and contains vast expanses of grazing land and immense forests awaiting exploitation. The resources of the southeastern section alone, however, are sufficient to engage the attention of the inhabitants for many years to come. It is estimated that the country has about 1,000,000 inhabitants, and the government has been encouraging immigration as much as possible. Immigrants who have settled in the country have done well.

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Most of the larger cities and towns of the country are located either on the Central Paraguayan railway or on the Paraguay river. The most important of these is Encarnacion, at the southern boundary of the republic, where the railway trains are ferried across from Argentina. It has about 16,000 inhabitants. The principal industries of the district are grazing, timber-cutting and the preparation of yerba mate. Encarnacion is a port of entry and is the distributing point for the southern portion of Paraguay.

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The College of four-year course.

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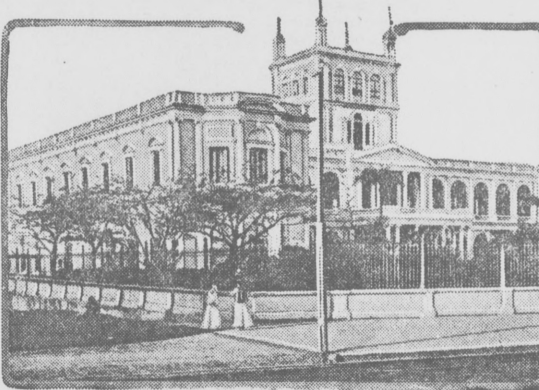
## Paraguay and its Resources

In order to study the trade situation in Paraguay, M. Drew Carrel, commercial representative of the Buenos Aires branch of a New York bank, recently made a trip through that country, and in "The Americas" he writes entertainingly of what he saw there. His article is thus summarized in the bulletin of the Pan-American Union:

The only practical routes of access to the country, the heart of one of the richest agricultural regions of South America, are the river and the railway running from Buenos Aires, a thousand miles away, if Asuncion, the capital and chief city of the republic, be taken as the traveler's destination. There is direct connection between Buenos Aires, via the Argentine Central, Entre-Rios, and Paraguayan Central railways, and Asuncion. Through trains leave once a week each way.

Off from Buenos Aires betimes, the train arrives at Zarate early in the evening, some sixty miles up country where the expanse of the River Plate has narrowed into the Parana. Here all except the engine is run on to a huge iron ferryboat for a four-hour voyage up and across the river to Itey on the eastern shore. Nearly all day Saturday is spent journeying through the flat country of Entre-Rios. The orange groves increase, with here and there tobacco fields, giving way as the tropics are neared to numerous royal palm trees.

Posadas, the last station in Argentina, is reached and the train is again run upon a large ferryboat and carried across the upper part of the Parana river to Encarnacion in the Republic of Paraguay. The level of the deck of the ferry is some fifteen feet below the level of the roadbed, on both sides of the river, and it is necessary to lower and raise the trains down and up an incline by means of cables and steam winches to the proper level. After running over a switch-back on the Paraguay side, Encarnacion is reached,



THE GOVERNMENT PALACE, ASUNCION

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The wind in



## CURRENT PRICES

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET	
COMMITTED WEEKLY BY S. B. BOARD.	
Wheat—No. 2 \$1.00   Corn—	
No. 1 Yellow, shelled 75	
Timothy Seed 75	
Clover Seed 75	
MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET	
COMMITTED WEEKLY BY W. T. CONSELLER	
Eggs, per doz.....	20¢ 24
Country Butter, per lb.....	28¢ 35
Creamery Butter, per lb.....	40
Lard, per lb.....	12¢ 16
Live Chickens, per lb.....	12¢ 16
Potatoes.....	6¢ 40

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., JULY 10, 1915

## RAILROAD MAIL PAY

NEW YORK, July 4.—The committee on railway mail pay has made public a booklet entitled, "What the Railway Pay Means to the Railroads". The booklet contains information originally prepared for the use of the executive officers of all the railroads of the country and submitted at a conference of executives held at New York City on May 20, 1915.

Copies of the booklet have been sent today to all members of Congress, officers of the national administration, state and federal regulatory commissions, and many other persons in public or semi-public life, as well as to all daily newspapers and other publications. The purpose of distributing this booklet is to inform the public as fully as possible, concerning the facts on which the railroads base their claim of inequitable treatment regarding the transportation of the United States mails; also to present fairly all essential information necessary for a clear understanding of the matter from every point of view.

In the booklet the committee on railway mail pay discusses the proposed law, dealing with the system of payment for mail transportation, which has been advocated by the Postoffice Department and was introduced in the last session of Congress. This proposed law, known as the Moon bill, failed of passage, but the postmaster general has announced that he intends to have it introduced again in the new Congress and to bring every effort to bear to achieve its enactment.

The Moon bill, as analyzed in the booklet, is shown by the committee on railway mail pay to amount to an almost complete delegation of the rate-making power, as far as the transportation of the mails is concerned, to the postmaster general, who would be vested, under its terms, with authority to make the rates anything he might choose, "not exceeding" certain specified sums. He could reduce the rates without restriction and could also dictate in almost every respect, the character and extent of service the railroads would be required to render. The railroads would be compelled to perform such service as the postmaster general might demand, at such rates as he might choose, to pay, under penalty of \$5,000 per day for each refusal.

In the opinion of the committee on railway mail pay, as set forth in the booklet, the defects of the present practice respecting the payment to the railroads for carrying the mails, can best be remedied by providing the following reforms:

1. That the mails be weighed and the pay be readjusted, at least once a year on every railway mail route, instead of once in four years, as at present.
2. That the railroads be paid for the use and operation of apartment post-office cars—for which the present law allows no pay—on a pro rata basis with the compensation allowed for full railway postoffice cars.
3. That the railroads be paid for, or relieved from, the duty of carrying the mails between railroad stations and postoffices.

The booklet contains the resolutions unanimously adopted at the meeting of railroad executives in New York City on May 20th last, at which 90 per cent. of the mileage of the country was represented. These resolutions completely sustained the position of the committee on railway mail pay and endorsed the remedies it has suggested.

The resolutions also approved the suggestion of the committee on railway mail pay that in its opinion the ultimate solution of the railway mail pay problem would lie in reference of the matter to the Interstate Commerce Commission with full power.

## Taste for Drink

According to statistics recently made public by the Treasury Department at Washington, the people of the United States are undergoing a change of taste in respect of indulgence in intoxicants. They are swinging away from "hard liquor and turning to beer."

The total revenue derived from taxes on intoxicating liquors of all kinds shows that the amount consumed by the people of the United States is decreasing rapidly. Internal revenue collections on spirits are decreasing at the rate of nearly \$1,250,000 a month, despite the fact that wines are paying a high tax as a result of the emergency "war tax" law enacted by the last Congress.

Figures show that the revenue derived from taxes on spirits from July 1, 1914 to May 1, 1915, was \$121,804,705, as against \$135,518,495 in the corresponding period a year ago, a decrease in ten months of \$13,713,790.

In April of this year taxes on spirits amounted to \$10,384,853, as against \$11,669,833 in April of last year.

Less tobacco is being used than heretofore. From July 1, 1914 to May 1, 1915, taxes collected on tobacco amounted to \$65,953,642. In the same months of the previous year the amount was \$66,703,901.

The Transcript, \$1.00

## WHY THE HOME PAPER

Have you ever asked yourself why you take your home paper, or it is necessary to have a home paper at all? Do so, and you will start a train of thoughts that will be illuminating to you. The big city daily comes to you and gives you the important news of outside world, but you and the home people are too small for a place in its columns. About its only thought of you is the money it gets from you. It deals in world matters and is of value to you because through it you obtain much of your knowledge of the greater affairs of life. Hence the local paper, and likewise your reason for taking the local paper. You cannot exist without a knowledge of the affairs of your home community. You must know of the plans and of the work of the local authorities, and you must know of the doings of the churches, and the lodges, and of your neighbors, and of the community in general. You cannot obtain this knowledge from the big city paper but you can and do find it in the columns of the home paper. You buy the big city daily, because you must know of the progress of the world, for your mind is developing day by day and demands this greater fund of information. But your mind craves even a more intimate knowledge of affairs that are vital to the interest of you and yours, and these things you find only in the home paper. To the great city daily you are but as a single pebble upon the beach, a drifting sand of the desert. But to the home paper you are one of us, an important factor in the community, a force with which to be reckoned.

A disrupted and disintegrating community means a shrinkage and loss in property values and a stagnant public mind. Hence the home paper has an ever watchful eye to the interests of the community and of yourself, for only in the preservation of the community and of yourself can the home paper hope for a continued existence. The home paper is your friend, and you know it. And because you are loyal to your friends and to the community you believe in the home paper and its ceaseless work for home and home people. Your interests and those of the home paper are identical, and you need it quite as much as it needs you. And the man who recognizes the necessity for a community of interests becomes a builder, and not a destroyer.

## JITNEY JANGLE JINGLED

From Jedney comes jitney; further, jitneur, and, ultimately, we may expect jitneuse. In view of this marked progress in a single instance, the development of a special word is of interest. Originally Jedney, with a capital "J", was a negro who carried provender and tobacco to a war camp in the south, from whom the soldiers bought all sorts of odds and ends for five cents. This originator of the five-cent store idea became so popular that his customers nicknamed his wares "jedneys". For instance: "Did you buy any jedneys today?" Apparently, some soldier carried the word to the west, where it became changed into "jitney," meaning five cents, and thus became attached to the nickle when this coin made its appearance. Then came what is known in the east as the jitney, or 5 cent automobile carrier, though some of them only charge three cents or as high as ten cents under the same name.

Now comes the word "jitneur", used by a contemporary in Philadelphia to designate the operator of a jitney car. From this we may naturally expect "jitneuse," as the feminine gender. Here, also, may be noted the effect of the French tongue upon the English speech. First we got chassis, meaning the stripped body of an automobile; then chauffeur, the driver, and finally "chauffreuse." So the language grows, and slang has now add a little to the vocabulary. It is said further additions, possibly a large number, may be expected as a result of the war in Europe, many soldiers having already invented some very expressive innovations.—EX.

## Find Comrades Relatives

After vainly searching for many years to find relatives of his dead comrade in the Civil War, William Thurston went to Laurel, and is visiting Mrs. F. R. Sirman, niece of the deceased. Mr. Thurston, whose home is in Philadelphia, shortly after his enlistment was thrown in Company with James Riggins and they soon became warm friends. They made a compact that should one be killed in battle the survivor should search for the relatives of the dead and tell them of his death. Riggins was killed in the battle of Gettysburg and Thurston, who was fighting by his side, was wounded.

After the war Thurston, although he searched diligently, failed to find any trace of Riggins' relatives until a short time ago, when by accident he located them at Laurel, and as soon as possible he went to deliver his message.

## All Hail, Delaware

Reports have it that Delaware is soon to rank with the leading sweet potato States. Many farmers throughout the state, who have sandy soil on their farms are planting sweet potatoes, and from present indications this year's crop will be very successful. Well, we haven't found anything yet that Delaware can't grow just as well as any other State in the Union. We are mighty glad we can claim Delaware as our place of residence, and particularly so just about this time of the year, when one good thing is followed by another. First, it's strawberries, then peaches, then cherries, tomatoes, sweet corn, watermelons, cantaloupes, peaches and apples. We should worry!—Delaware State News.

## Our Teas &amp; Coffees

Our store's first principle  
is to sell you right things at right  
prices—your money back if you say so.

WE hope to do business here a long, long time. Enemies are too expensive a luxury for us. Your kind word is our best "ad." Let us fill your market basket. Get acquainted with our Store's methods—learn that we do what we say—make good what we promise.

For example, try our Teas and Coffees and see how well they please you. Our Coffees are heavy and full bodied, or light and of neutral flavor—just as your taste asks. All have color, aroma, and the strength that means coffee economy.

Teas in all varieties are sold here on "cup quality" alone—delicate to taste and smell.

For both Teas and Coffees we guarantee the satisfaction that comes from care, experience and conscientious selection. Then let this store be your Tea and Coffee headquarters.

## M. Banning &amp; Son

"PURE FOOD STORE"

Middletown, = = Delaware



## For All Farm Buildings

the matter of roofing is first importance. It does not pay to skimp when you are building for permanence. We have a roofing that is permanently watertight—a roofing that will not crack, rust, warp or rot. This repair-proof roofing is

## RU-BER-OID

Pronounced "RU" as in RUBS

Every roll of RU-BER-OID that we have sold has given perfect satisfaction.

We know that RU-BER-OID is made of better materials than any other roofing that we could buy. It contains no paper, wood fibre, tar, asphalt or other short-lived materials such as are found in cheaper roofings.

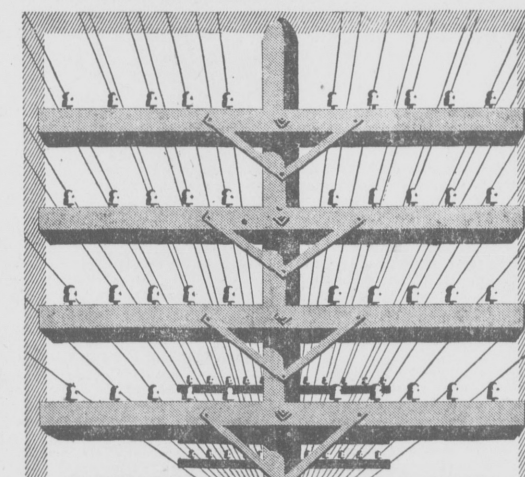
RU-BER-OID roofs put on more than 20 years ago are still water-tight and look as good as new.

RU-BER-OID roofing always looks well. Its color is attractive gray—the same shade as more expensive slate. Colored RU-BER-OID (Koloroid) is made in permanent Red and Copper Green.

Come in and let us show you this roofing, which is so good that it is widely imitated. So called "Rubber roofings" are counterfeits. There is only one RU-BER-OID. The genuine has the "Ru-Ber-Oid Man" shown above, on every roll.

Short &amp; Walls Lumber Co.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.



## The broad highroad home

"I'll tell you," said the seasoned traveler, "these little jaunts back over the Bell Telephone trail for a word from the folks or a tip from the office keep the 'blues' chained up, keep me at 'concert pitch' and help to add about a thousand a week to my sales record."

"Its cost? Wouldn't you spend a quarter or a half dollar if it meant a five-spot in your wallet?"

Use—the-Bell

## Carriages Reduced

Big Bargains  
Clean-up Sale

Cahill & Co., 2d and French St  
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

## OUR Annual July Sale

UPON this anniversary of our annual July Sale it is fitting that as heretofore, we emphasize the principles underlying our business as a firm in Middletown and in the country around, which principles, in practical operation in our Department Store, have won for us from our very start, a gratifying success, which from year to year has had a still more gratifying increase, until we can now declare that this our July Sale 1915 stands at the very top of our growth and upward climb as a Department Store!

Let us then remark in a few words the basic principles whose practice has brought us this large SUCCESS:

- 1 We buy Right
- 2 We sell Right
- 3 We try to do Right

in all things to our patrons and to our employees.

Therefore, every buyer from us, big or little, knows from experience that their purchase is RIGHT, or if by any mishap otherwise, will at once be made Right! Do you wonder, then, at our Success!

Special Reductions  
Ladies' and Misses' Suits

No spring this year! So the makers of Hot Weather goods have been caught with big surplus stocks which to move quickly they offered to the retail trade at **Big Reductions** of 1-3 and 1-2 off, and we pass these on to the buyers in our July Sale! This Special Sale includes hundreds of Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats—all in the very latest styles, colors and materials.

## House Dresses

Those big cuts in House Dresses brought us many buyers—one of Mr. Fogel's Bargain "finds" sold for less than cost of making—comfortable, dressy too! Still some of them left.

Lot No. 1. Dresses that were formerly sold for \$1.50 to \$2.00—Our Price **98c**. Lot No. 2. Dresses formerly sold for \$2.50 to \$3.50—Our Price **\$1.50**.

## Silk Waists

Just received a new lot of Silk Waists—latest designs with the new quaker collars, and though their real value is \$1.50, we offer them for **98c**. Also a large lot of Wash Skirts of Linens, Picquets, Ratines and Khakis, made up in the vogue style of side pleats, yoke effects, pocket trimmed—True values \$1.50 and \$2.00—Our Price **98c** and **\$1.50**.

## Silk Dresses

Another big offer! A lot of Sample Silk Dresses, and makers' "broken sizes," including Crepe de Chines, Taffetas, and Charmeuse, in many colors and sizes. These fine Silk Dresses sold for \$10—Our Price **\$6.50**. \$12 Dresses—Our Price **\$8.50**. We say to our lady patrons—"Don't miss inspecting these Dresses. Seeing means buying."

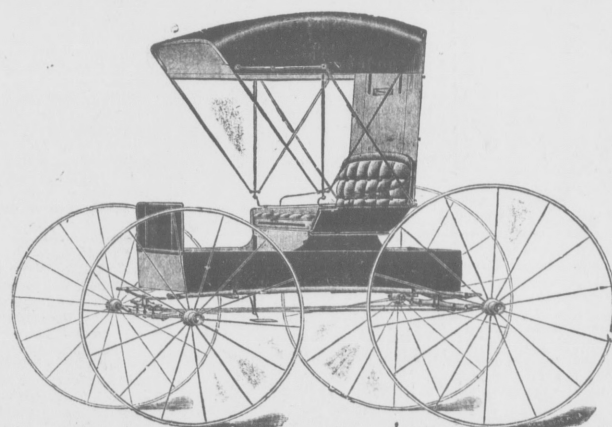
## Men's Sport Shirts

Look neat and dressy and give comfort—short sleeves, flared sailor collars with breast pocket. The high grade "Manchester" brand—Price **50c** and **\$1.00**.

NOTICE—July and August, we close Monday, Wednesday, Friday at 6 P. M.; Tuesday and Thursday 9.30 P. M.; Saturday 11.30 P. M.

## Fogel &amp; Burstan Dept. Store

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE



All the best makes of High and Medium grade  
Carriages in stock at all times.

J. F. McWHORTER &amp; SON

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE



# SEEING LIFE with JOHN HENRY & George V. Hobart

## John Henry Gets a Present

SAY! did you ever dream you were going to get a wonderful Christmas gift from a rich relation and wake up in the icehouse?

Friend wife and I are not mercenary, but we did have a hunch that Uncle Peter would slip us an onyx eel with which we could hide the knotholes in our money mantelpiece, or an anesthetic ash tray which we could use as a bathtub for the canary, but nothing doing!

It was a sad blow to us that Christmas morning, because the old boy is upholstered with coin. He owns all the eagles on the gold pieces. He has pet names for them and keeps them cooped up like a flock of chickens.

And all he sent us was a book worth sixty cents net, written by a pretzel pen pusher named Helfenhelfen.

I wanted to throw it out the window at a taxi driver engaged in exercising his engine for the benefit of those in the neighborhood who were sleeping late on Christmas morning, but Peaches had her shoes and stockings off and was wading through the first chapter.

The book, she informed me, was a series of essays on reincarnation.

Can you tie that for a Christmas present from a man to whom money comes crying like a child and begs to be put to sleep in his safety-deposit vaults?

Reincarnation is a long, loose-looking word, and to a perfect stranger it has a slightly suspicious sound, but its bark is worse than its bite.

After reading about half a gallon of Helfenhelfen's theories, Peaches began to bite her nails and make faces like a highbrow.

"The idea of a person having been somebody else in a previous existence is interesting, isn't it, John?" she gurgled. "I wonder who I was?"

"You appeared first as the Queen of Sheba," I told her; "and after chasing King Solomon up a sycamore tree you disappeared for several centuries and then you slipped into history's moving pictures as Cleopatra, and I've a dog-gone good mind to divorce you for the way you carried on with Marc Antony."

"Oh, tush!" giggled Peaches. "Have some sense. Who do you think Hep Hardy was?"

"Hep!" I said, "why Hep originally

of Helfenhelfen," I squawked, to cover my confusion.

Some Uncle, that old boy, and I take back anything I may have said about him in those dark moments before Helfenhelfen came across with the oosh.

After we sat there for two hours spending the money, I asked Peaches how my homemade essays stacked up with the German importations.

"What essays?" she inquired blankly.

"Why, I left them here on the table," I said.

"Oh, that!" she cooed. "I thought that was a letter of apology so I threw it in the wastebasket without

"I will take good care that you don't," chuckled the expiring giant.

"How?" was David's interrogation.

"It will be in the far, far future," said the giant. "You will then be one of the Common People walking in the streets."

"And you?" David asked.

"I will be a chauffeur on a smoke wagon, and what I will do to you will be a pitiful shame," responded the giant.

Then with a bitter laugh the triumphant Goliath turned over and pushed his mortal coil off the shuffleboard.

Second Essay.

The ghost of Julius Caesar looked threateningly at Brutus, the Stabbiest. Brutus sneered.

"You," he said; "to the mines!"

Not one of Caesar's muscles quivered.

Brutus used a short, sharp laugh. "You," he said; "on your way!"

Caesar never batted an eyelash. Brutus pointed to the rear.

"Go way back," he said, "and use your laziness."

Caesar pulled his toga up over his cold shoulder.

Brutus laughed again, and it was the saucy, triumphant laugh of the man who dodges in front of a woman and grabs a seat on the elevated railroad.

"The next time we meet you will not do me as you did me at the base of Pompey's statue," said the ghost of Caesar, speaking for the first time since we began this essay.

"We will not meet again because I refuse to associate with you," said Brutus.

Caesar smiled, but it was without mirth, and as cold as the notice of suspension on the door of a bank.

"Yes, we will meet again," said Caesar.

"Where?" said Brutus.

"In the far, far future," said the ghost of Caesar shriekingly. "You will be born into the world again by that time, and in your new personality you will be one of the Common People, and you will burn gas."

"And you?" inquired Brutus.

"I will be the spirit which puts the wheels in the gas meter, and may heaven have mercy on your pocket-book!" shrieked the ghost of Caesar.

Her Side of the Cloth

Younger Sister Was Anticipating What in Time She Knew Would Be Hers.

How often it is that the younger of two children in a family is at a disadvantage, in the matter of what is done for him, the clothes which he wears and the attention which he receives generally.

It is sometimes pathetic, although occurring not so much from any real difference in the feelings of the parents for the two as from thoughtlessness and the natural order of things.

The handing down of clothes from older to younger, for example, is almost necessary in many a family, but it is a hardship for the younger one, nevertheless.

One family once had two girls in exactly this situation, the younger being just so much behind her sister in growth and development that it came perfectly natural that the elder's dresses should fall to her lot in the course of time.

And so it happened that all the new things were the older's and the younger always had them made over for herself.

One day the elder was told by her mother to go downtown and select some material which she liked for her graduation dress and bring it home for approval.

Full of glee, the girl started to go, when the younger spoke up in all seriousness: "Don't you think I ought to go with her, mamma," said she, "to see if I like the other side?"

It set the mother to thinking, and after that the younger got more new things of her very own.—Rochester, N. H., Courier.

In Old Porto Rico.

In the vicinity of Mayaguez, Porto Rico, are several historically interesting places. The little village of Rio Guanaboa, near Anasco, was the scene of the unique experiment by which the Indians, in 1511, endeavored to discover whether the Spaniards were immortal.

Under holding a Spanish nobleman under water six hours they were assured that those intruders were just as subject to death as themselves.

About seven miles from Mayaguez, across a rough mountainous country, is the famous sanctuary of Montserrat, which is visited every year by many pilgrims.

Situated conspicuously among its wild surroundings, its large stone church is visible for many miles. From the mountain top we obtained a delightful view of the beautiful plain through which flow the Boqueron and Guanajoba rivers.

How Shoe Peg Was Invented.

To a Massachusetts man, Joseph Walker, is due the credit of inventing the shoe peg. Previous to the year 1818 its use had not been known, and its inventor gave a new start to the manufacture of boots and shoes.

Shortly after the introduction of this invention some unscrupulous parties are said to have tried to swindle the unsuspecting by endeavoring to sell shoe pegs as a new kind of oats.

Up to 1818 boots and shoes had been sewed, and the peg, made first by hand, came in to revolutionize the trade. It was, however, the custom of shoemakers who lived away from the manufacturing centers to make their own pegs by hand even as late as 1880, but the machine-manufactured peg has now superseded them.

Remark Somewhat Unkind.

Lord Cockburn, after a long stroll, sat down on a hillside beside a shepherd and observed that the sheep selected the coolest situation for lying down.

"Mac," said he, "I think if I were a sheep, I should certainly have preferred the other side of that hill."

The shepherd answered: "Ay, my lord; but if you had been a sheep you would have had hair sense." And Lord Cockburn was never tired of relating the story and turning the laugh on himself.

Psychological Money.

That every man, woman and child in this country has \$1,965 in psychological—very much psychological—money is a fact.

It is not a case of utilizing last year's clothes or making a few

## RETAIN OLD FAVORITE

WHITE MARQUINETTE IS WITH US AGAIN THIS SEASON.

For Summer Wear There Are Few Materials Which Are Its Equal—Excellent Dress Design Shown in Drawing Herewith.

Our old favorite, white marquette, is with us again this season, by virtue of a superior quality, peculiar to itself, that fills a need which has not yet been replaced by anything more satisfactory. For tub frocks and dainty lingerie gowns, marquette cannot be improved upon. It launders splendidly, and does not become rough and thick with washing.

Here is a very good dress design for white marquette, prettily trimmed with narrow plaited ruffles of self material. The deep V, formed by the surplised fronts of the blouse, is filled in with folds of the goods, surplised between the waist and the inside fold at the shoulders. It does not meet in front, but is held together with a small tie of black velvet ribbon, then rises about the sides and back of the neck, and is stopped by a "turnover."

The long bishop sleeves are gathered into cuff bands that are trimmed with black velvet ribbon and have a wrist ruffle below. There is a plait laid over the outside of either shoulder, and the edge of this trimmed with some of the knife-plaited ruffling, started a little above the bust line. A draped girde ties in a soft bow at either side of the waist, and the ends are trimmed with plaited ruffles.

The skirt is in two pieces, a gathered top extending to the hips, and a very deep flounce, applied to the top, with gathers under a cording, above which rises a plaited heading ruffle. The deep set-on flounce has its length broken by four rows of plaited



"Look, John! Isn't Uncle Peter a Dear Old Fox?"

reading it, because an apology wasn't necessary.

Isn't she the limit in imported chiffon, I ask you?

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White Marquette Frock Effectively Trimmed With Narrow Self Ruffles.

ruffles—the first and third upstanding and the other two set on opposite.

For crepe de chine or taffeta this design is equally good, and could be made in either case with sleeves of chiffon or net in a color to match the silk.

MAY BE PLAIN OR FLASHY

Wide Variation Allowed in Blouses Designed for Wear During the Extremely Hot Weather.

The blouses which the summer girl will select for golf, tennis, boating and the like may be of plain linen or madras, or may run to striped designs, of which the most popular are the broad canopy patterns or the candy-striped effects. In fact, many of the blazer stripes are reproduced for sportswaist models.

The silk gowns are the plainest. Net or lace is used about the neck, and often in a convenient gump that is detachable and washable.

Crepe and taffeta are combined in some of the best models for midsummer. One particularly charming outfit has a skirt of white crepe with all-over roses, with a deep hem of white taffeta finished with cords. The bodice is of crepe, but has a panel front of taffeta. On the back of the blouse is a high-standing, turnover collar, with a strap of taffeta at the base, fastened with a cameo.

Colored Blouses.

Colored handkerchief linen blouses are shown again this year. You remember last year they were introduced for country wear. They are still in vogue, and frequently with pockets. They have long sleeves, and sometimes the fronts are scalloped.

Corduroy for Girls.

For young girls corduroy is decidedly in fashion. It is used in brown, blue and sometimes green, and where it is made up in a suit with a full skirt and long coat it is most appropriate and becoming for wear in the mountains.

GO TO EXTREMES IN CHECKS

Most Daring Combinations Are Worn by Those Who Feel They Have Requisite Smartness.

No checks are too daring to be worn. A costume seen the other day was of black-and-white checked wool, combined. This suit had a long-vested cutaway jacket in plain color worn with a daring check skirt. The revers, belt and cuffs carried out the combination.

A woman must be smart indeed to wear a certain chic but severe walking costume. It is black-and-white checked wool, with a yellow border and has a snug waist line which is partly belted. Black satin buttons fasten the front of the bodice up to the satin winged collar.

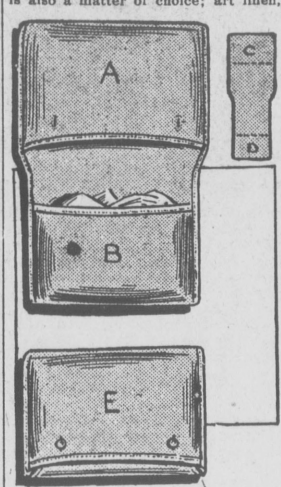
The great French designers are doing their best to turn fashions topsy turvy. They have reopened their enormous establishments and paid large bodies of workers to answer the demands of American buyers.

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## DIRECTIONS FOR WORK BAG

One's Spare Moments Can Be Well Employed in Making This Handy and Useful Article.

The accompanying diagrams illustrate the way in which a handy and useful work bag can be very easily made. It can be carried out in any size to suit different requirements. The material with which it is made is also a matter of choice; art linen,



Pretty Work Bag.

silk, satin, or casement cloth all being equally suitable, and it is lined with satin or silk and bound at the edges with braid or ribbon.

The diagram on the right of the illustration shows the shape in which the material should be cut out, and the portions marked C and D are folded over at the points indicated by the dotted lines and sewed down at the sides so that they form two bags or pockets; the upper one being rather larger than the lower one. The diagram marked A and B shows this accomplished, and the needlework is placed in the pocket marked B which folds into the bag marked A in the same manner that a tobacco pouch is folded together.

In the edge of the upper pocket two buttonholes are made and buttons sewed on at the back of the lower pocket in corresponding positions, so that when the work bag is folded together it can be securely fastened up in the manner shown in diagram E.

PRETTY CARD-TABLE COVER

Best Way to Make and Embroider Them—Always Use the Finest Colors and Materials.

The best card-table cover is made of a big square of linen, several inches larger than the table, with the corners cut off. Then eight tapes are sewed firmly to the eight corners made when the four original ones are cut off, and the cover can be neatly tied in place, leaving the four points of the table bare. This shape is more neatly and easily adjusted than the full square, which usually is awkwardly arranged at the corners of the table.

Linen of a rather coarse, heavy weave, in oyster white, cream or ecru is a good choice for the cover. Colored line, too, can be used.

Sometimes these covers are made in sets, and a very attractive set is made with one cover showing a 1-spot of some suit embroidered in one corner, the second cover showing a 2-spot, the third a 3-spot, and so on, the set to include as many covers as one wishes to make. These covers indicate the number of the tables when a large number of persons are playing. Anybody can see that this is a far more convenient way of indicating the table numbers than the usual one of turning a card up on each table; for, just when one most wishes to know where table three is, the card indicating its location is sure to have been disturbed. These symbols can be outlined or embroidered in cross-stitch.

Still another way of marking covers to show the different numbers of the tables is to embroider one bird on the corner of one cover, two on another, and so on. Bluebirds embroidered on gray linen make a charming display.

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## DAIRY TALK DAIRY

### WORST FOE TO GOOD HEALTH

Constipation Is Starting Point of Many Serious Ailments That Affect Dairy Cattle.

(By G. W. BARNES, Live Stock Specialist, Arizona Experiment Station.)

Constipation is one of the worst foes to good health in cows and to the pocketbook of the dairyman. It is the starting point of many serious ailments that affect dairy cattle. It causes the other organs to be overtaxed to throw off the accumulations of waste that should pass through the bowels.

Constipation causes the cow to have fever which makes such a case really more serious. There is also a marked decrease in the milk flow, and often this is the first symptom that the farmer notices. The farmer or attendant should keep his eyes open and so feed as to maintain a normal state of health. The genuine live-stock man will know his individuals so well that he can tell at once if a single animal gets off feed. The best treatment is to remove the cause which gives rise to it. The main cause is usually from feeding too long on nothing but dry bulk foods. Flaxseed or linseed is a good laxative. If constipation has lasted long, repeated small doses of purgatives are better than a single large dose.

FINDING QUALITY OF BUTTER

Principal Factors to Be Considered Are Flavor, Texture, Salt and Appearance of Package.

The principal factors that are considered in determining the quality of butter are:

Flavor, texture, color, salt, general appearance of package.

To a few people all butter is very much alike. To the cultivated taste and the experienced judge there are a great many flavors found in butter, prominent among which are the following: Flat, rancid, cheesy, weedy, acid and stable flavors.

Churning the unpurified cream produces the flat flavor; age has the tendency to produce a rancid flavor; unsalted butter develops a cheesy flavor; the cause of the weedy flavor is obvious, the remedy for which is to exterminate the objectionable weeds from the pasture and feed silage, kale, turnips and the like only immediately after milking. Overripe cream that has been held at too low a temperature is found to produce the acid or bitter flavor; milking from unclean udders and in filthy and unsanitary stables are the chief sources of what is known as the stable flavor in butter.

MILK CAN AS REFRIGERATOR

Rise in Temperature of But 18 Degrees in 24 Hours Noted in Milk Canned in New Device.

A new way of shipping milk and cream for long distances during the heated season is offered by the invention of a refrigerator milk can which is simply two cans, one within the other, the space between being filled with

baked cork and hair felt. In severe tests, under practical road conditions, milk shipped in these cans showed a rise in temperature of but 18 degrees in 24 hours, when exposed to a continuous temperature of 92 degrees. A special form of neck is provided, the inner portion being a segment of a sphere over which the bowl of the cover fits closely, so that the can is perfectly tight, even if the cover be tilted to one side or the other.—Popular Mechanics.

No Two Cows Alike.

No two cows are just alike. For that reason we must study them all separately and see what each one needs. The cow that is now giving milk will use more grain to advantage than one that has not yet begun the season's work. She is putting some of this grain in the pail and some into her own body. To get her up to the best possible condition, we need to give her a generous ration of flesh and fat-making material.

Cow Is Often Neglected.

The trouble with the majority of farmers is they do not give time for the attentions that bring out the best qualities in the individual. No dairy cow, however good, will be profitable unless given the right care and it is good money to the farmer to see that her development is looked after, and that she is given good shelter and feed.

July Feed.

The only way to increase the number of pounds of butterfat produced by a cow is to increase the number of gallons of milk she gives. This is best done by feeding some succulent feed, such as roots or silage. Fresh spring grass has the same effect.

Raising Best Bred Calf.

It's the easiest thing to spoil the best bred calf. Raise it as if it were going to be your best cow and the chances are your results will be more satisfactory.

Refrigerator Milk Can.

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## CHESAPEAKE CITY

Misses Edna and Edith Brown are visiting relatives in Salem, N. J.

Mrs. Comus of Baltimore, Md., is the guest of Mrs. William Hudson.

Miss Ethel Gill has returned home after a month's visit with her sister in Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. Amos Wilson, of Warwick, Md., is the guest of his cousin Mr. George Parvis on the Manor.

Rev. and Mrs. John E. Eggert are attending the Temperance Convention at Atlantic City, N. J.

Mr. Gilbert Cooling, of Rockville, Md., was the week-end guest of relatives and friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. John Davidson, of Philadelphia, Pa., were over Sunday visitors of Mr. A. E. Davidson.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Voshell, of Philadelphia, Pa., were Sunday visitors of her sister Mrs. E. C. Ellison.

Misses Helen and Ethel Beiswanger, of Baltimore, Md., have been the guests of Mrs. Henry G. Hager.

Mr. Roger K. Williams, of Thurmont, Md., was an over Sunday visitor of his mother Mrs. Laura L. Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. William White, of Wilmington, Del., were over Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Boren.

Misses Ethel and Marie Sullivan, Mr. Dunn, of Baltimore, were the week-end guests of Miss Hannah Bouchele.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Eggert and children, of Wilmington, Del., were over Sunday guests of his parents here.

Mrs. C. L. Ellison Sr., Misses Ethel Ellison and Elizabeth Griffith were entertained by Mrs. A. M. Griffith on Wednesday of this week.

## PAID LOCAL ADS.

FOR SALE—Wagons and Dearborns.  
J. C. GREEN.

FOR SALE—Fresh and Salt Fish at all times.  
W. C. JONES.

FOR SALE—The best steak, roasts, lamb and veal.  
W. C. JONES.

Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist.  
Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites.

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash prices paid for horse and cow hides.  
W. C. JONES.

For the neatest and best cleaning of your Spring Straws, Panamas and Felt Hats, apply to F. D. PINDER.

FOR SALE—200,000 Cabbage, Cauliflower and Celery plants.  
A. K. HOPKINS,  
Lake St., Middletown, Del.

FOR SALE—One Horizontal Boiler; one engine; one deep well pump; one curd machine; 2 milk vats; 15 milk cans; 10 butter boxes; pulleys and belting.  
JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

FOR SALE—Two bay mares, 11 years old, with colts by their sides, by a Percheron horse, and both in foal to a Jack. All insurance paid.  
ROBERT T. COCHRAN,  
Middletown, Del.

NOTICE—After July 1st, 1915, I will conduct a Cash Business. 30 days extension on approved accounts in the blacksmith and wheelwright business.  
J. C. GREEN.

WANTED—Two first-class farm hands (white), willing to work for the season. Wages Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) per month and board. Will give bonus at end of season. Apply at once.  
J. WIRT WILLIS' FARMS.  
Theo. E. Warren, Mgr., Glasgow, Del.

## NOTICE—DIVIDEND!

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK OF MIDDLETOWN.

Middletown, Del., June 19th, 1915.  
The board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of THREE and ONE-HALF (3 1/2) PER CENT, for the last six months, payable on and after July 1st, 1915.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Cashier.

## NOTICE—DIVIDEND!

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

Middletown, Del., July 6th, 1915.  
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, clear of taxes payable to the Stockholders on and after July 15, 1915.

JOHN S. CROUCH, Cashier.

Grand Opening Dance to be held at Augustine Beach, evening of July 5th, and every Thursday evening during the season. Oglesby Orchestra.

## Owen T. Chance

Contracting

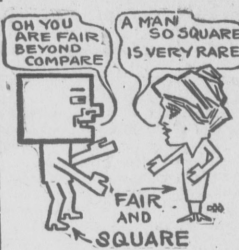
## HOUSE PAINTER

Middletown, Delaware

Estimates Given. Your Work Solicited. No charge for residence and tax-payer of Middletown. I am entitled to estimate hourly work.

PHONE 101 If I see you

guaranteed



HERE is a rare quality of charm to be found in this fair and square food store. Our methods and our merchandise will please you. Quality and courtesy are the twin excellencies that have endeared this establishment to the public. Prove it. Next door to Peoples Bank.

## The White Cafe

JOSEPH C. JOLLS, Prop.  
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

## Security Trust and SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

CAPITAL \$ 600,000  
SURPLUS & PROFITS 775,000  
DEPOSITS 2,500,000

The successful conduct of your business depends largely upon your Trust Company connection what service you receive from the Company of your choice—whether it is courteous, obliging and personal. This is the kind of service we render to all our patrons in all our departments. We are sure you will be much pleased and find great advantage in having an account with us.

## OFFICERS

Benjamin Nields, President  
John S. Russell, Vice President and Secretary.  
L. Scott Townsend, Vice President and Treasurer.  
Harry J. Ellison, Assistant Sec.  
Levi L. Maloney, Assistant Treas.

## EACH DESIGN IS PRETTIER THAN THE LAST ONE



It only remains with you to decide the colors you want. Our carpets and rugs are famous for their beauty, because we buy only the richest patterns, and also take the greatest care to keep in stock only those goods that have proven their durability. Come in and see them. You are bound to be pleased.

## J. H. EMERSON

Middletown, Delaware

## Singer Sewing Machines

I wish to inform the public that I have accepted the agency for the celebrated Singer Sewing Machines for this locality, and will be glad to show you the many good merits of this machine at any time or place and explain, on reasonable terms. A large lot of machines constantly on hand.

## B. F. Gallagher

Middletown, Del.

## Shoe Repairing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far superior to hand-finished work.

## L. FROMKIN

Kates' old stand, East Main St.  
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

## DR. WARREN S. P. COMBS

## DENTIST

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.  
(Office of the late Dr. Stites)

## "Horse Town" WAWASET PARK WILMINGTON

3 -- BIG DAYS -- 3

## RACES

JULY 20, 21, 22

\$3,000 IN PURSES \$3,000

Greatest List of Entries Ever Known in This Section

Tuesday, July 20  
2.25 Pace 2.14 Pace 2.16 Trot

Wednesday, July 21  
Trot for 3-year-olds  
2.25 Trot 2.20 Pace

Thursday, July 22  
2.11 Pace 2.20 Trot 2.12 Trot  
2.17 Pace

Secure Grand Stand Seats Early

Start 1.30 Each Day

## Farms for Sale!

SOME AT LOW PRICES

8 in Cecil Co., Md.  
4 near Delaware City.  
5 at McDonough.  
4 near Blackbird.  
2 near Newark.  
2 in Kent Co., Md.  
3 near Wilmington.

In prices from \$2,000 to \$25,000. Both small and large, and mostly well located.

George W. Ingram,  
Middletown, Del.

## A Few Facts About Lewis' Sanitary Meat Market



1. Our Meats are inspected and bear the government stamp of purity.
2. Sixteen oz. to every pound, guaranteed.
3. Our trade is steadily increasing, isn't this proof?
4. Have you tried our delicious roast at 18c pound.
5. The best Sirlion and Rump Stake at 25c pound.
6. If you are not satisfied after trying us with your first order kindly let us know, we will make it right, we wish to get acquainted with you, try us.

Phone No. 86.

J. E. LEWIS, Middletown, Del.

## BASE BALL, TO-DAY

At Wilmington, Del.

## Odessa Athletic Club

VS.

## All-Collegians, of Wilmington

Game Called at 3.00 P. M.

## SUCCESS INSURANCE

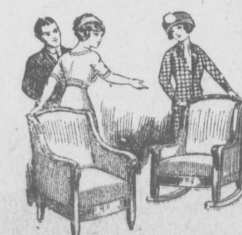
A Business Education is a gift-edged policy against failure for ambitious young men and young women. It insures position, promotion and independence.

*Golden College*

courses in Commercial, Shorthand and Secretarial training have aided thousands to succeed. They will qualify YOU for high-grade employment. We assist graduates to positions.

Our catalog gives full information; ask for YOUR copy now.

GOLDEY COLLEGE Wilmington, Del.



## OUR FURNITURE

is guaranteed to stand up with the coming years. It is not to be thrust aside when the journey of life is half over. Our furniture will see you through to the end. All the prevailing woods fashioned in exquisite taste into dainty and substantial works of art. Sets for every room and individual pieces as well. Spring Matting, Rugs, Linoleum.

W. J. WILSON, Middletown, Del.

1915 JULY 1915



## The Iron STEAMER CLIO

WILL LEAVE  
Odessa for Philadelphia

AND RETURN FROM  
Arch St. Wharf, Phila.

AN PER TIME TABLE

ODESSA	
Thursday, 1st,	12 30 p m
Tuesday, 6th,	3 00 p m
Thursday, 8th,	5 00 p m
Monday, 12th,	7 00 p m
Thursday, 15th,	11 00 a m
Monday, 19th,	12 30 p m
Thursday, 22d,	4 00 p m
Monday, 26th,	6 00 p m
Thursday, 29th,	11 00 a m

PHILADELPHIA

Friday, 2d,	11 00 a m
Wednesday, 7th,	12 30 p m
Friday, 9th,	1 00 p m
Tuesday, 13th,	4 00 p m
Friday, 16th,	6 00 p m
Tuesday, 20th,	11 00 a m
Friday, 23d,	1 30 p m
Tuesday, 27th,	5 00 p m
Friday, 30th,	6 00 p m

Attention given to the Careful Handling and Prompt Delivery of all consignments.

For information in regard to Freight, apply to

F. B. WATKINS, Manager

Odessa, Delaware

WILLIAM W. ROSE, Purser



Howard Watches  
Hamilton Watches  
Jewelry  
Cut Glass and  
Silverware

Everything found in an up-to-date Jewelry Store

## S. E. MASSEY

Middletown, Delaware

## Bayside Inn

Betterton, Md.

Highest elevation, Magnificent view of Chesapeake Bay, Modern conveniences, Large and Shady Lawns, Long and Wide Verandas, Cuisine unexcelled, Cool and airy rooms, Garage, Yacht anchorage. Special attention to automobile and week-end parties. Telephone 69-3, or write, BAYSIDE INN, L. Harris Crewe, Manager and Owner.

## Alabama Peach Trees

C. R. CLAYTON

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE



IT IS ARITHMETIC TO BUY AT OUR STORE NOW. WE HAVE "CUT" OUR PRICES DOWN.

OUR "REGULAR" PRICES ARE ALWAYS LOW PRICES. WE SIMPLY HAVE A LOT OF SUMMER GOODS WE WANT TO SELL OUT FAST. THEY ARE GOOD GOODS, BUT WE DON'T WANT TO CARRY THEM OVER ANOTHER YEAR.

THIS IS THE PLAIN REASON WHY WE HAVE LOWERED OUR PRICES.

AT THE LOW, "CUT" PRICES OUR SPLENDID, STYLISH SUMMER GOODS CAN'T LAST LONG. COME EARLY. GET FIRST PICK.

## Cut Price

Women's and Children's White Seal Island Duck Oxfords and Pumps. Regular Price \$1.50 to \$2.50. Now all marked \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Lot odd Sizes Children's White Duck Shoes and Patent Leather Pumps, now all marked, \$1.00

## Men's Straw Hats at Half Price

\$3.00 Hats \$1.50  
\$2.00 Hats \$1.00  
\$1.50 Hats \$.75

Store open at 7 A. M.  
Closed 6 P. M.

## J. B. Messick

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

## HEAR THESE

NOBODY HOME—Medley, One-Step.

I'M ON MY WAY TO DUBLIN

BAY—Medley, One-Step.

DOWN AMONG THE SHELTERING

PALMS—Popular Song.

MY LITTLE DREAM GIRL—Song.

COME INTO THE GARDEN

MAUD—Song by John McCormack.

TAMBOURIN CHINOIS—Played by Fritz Kreisler.

And Many Others.

Invites YOU to Hear

The New July Records

at the Home of Service

WHERE you get a reserved

seat. It is just as foolish

to pay reserved seat prices for

standing room in buying Victor

Records as to do the same thing

in the theatre.

The Price is the Same

The Home of Service pro-

vides Records, Victrolas and

Right Service.

G. W. Huver Co.

Successors to Jacob Bros. Co.

1031-33 Chestnut

Pianos and Player-Pianos.

## The Delaware Farmer

A strictly practical Farm Paper dealing with local questions in farm practice. The paper that every farmer in Delaware should read. **Delaware's only Farm Paper.** Not a money making scheme, but a booster for the State.

## A Special Reduced Sub. Offer

The Middletown Transcript (regular price) \$1.00 per year  
The Delaware Farmer .50 per year  
Total regular price \$1.50

Our Special Reduced Price \$1.25 per year

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